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AMMAN SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1993 THUL HIJEH

جوردان تابعر يُوبِيةُ سياسيةٌ تُعَنِّقُ بالانجليزية عن المُوسسة الصحابة الاردنية ،الراي،

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**Equal voting rights** 

JORDAN may change its election laws to introduce the principle of one vote per person, Prime Minister Majali said Thursday.

"We may change the law. We have not made a decision about changing the law or not changing the law," Dr. Majali said in a Reuter interview.

King Hussein has indicated he may ask for a change to a one

"The election will hopefully take place on time and now we are

studying how to structure it according to the constitution. (which

says) that each person is equal," Dr. Majali said.

#### Prince Hassan, Princess Sarvath return home

AMMAN (Petra) - Their Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan and Princess Sarvath returned home Friday evening after concluding a several-day private visit to Britain. Their Royal Highnesses Prince Faisal and Princess Alia Al Faisal received Prince lassan and Princess Sarvath, who were also welcomed at the airport by the prime minister and speakers of the Lower and Upper Houses of Parliament, the Chief of the Royal Court, the British ambassador to Jordan and other high-ranking officials.

#### Rockets fired at israeli-hoid zone

TYRE (AFP) — Guerrillas Friday fired rockets at positions held by the Israeli army and its allied militia in South Lebanon, the hird such attack in 24 hours, ecurity sources said. Two rockets targeted positions held by the my and the South Lebanon my (SLA) militia at Aichiye in Israel's self-declared "security zone," they said. Seven B-7 antitank rockets were also fired minutes later. No casualties were reported. The Israeli army retaliated by firing 22 mortar shells on hills surrounding the "security zone," the sources said.

#### Lebanon demands U.S. cancel ban

BEIRUT (R) - Beirut demanded Friday that Washington cancel its order for airlines to stop ·U.S. sales of tickets to Lebanon and suggested Israel might be behind the American move. The U.S. Department of Transportation (DT) on Thursday ordered U.S. and foreign airlines to halt

to refund money to passengers who have bought them. "We do not want to compete with the American government over enforcing its regulations but we demand that it cancel this deci-Omar Miskaw told reporters.

#### U.S. signs **Biodiversity Treaty**

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -- The United States Friday dropped a year of opposition and signed the Biodiversity Treaty designed to protect the world's disappearing plant and animal species. Former President George Bush had refused to sign the convention at the Earth summit in Rio de Janeiro last year, breaking with the European Community, Japan and more than 150 other nations that signed

#### amily barred from visiting Saudi activist

NICOSIA (AFP) - Saudi authorities have banned family members from visiting the jailed spokesman for a new Saudi human rights group denounced by Riyadh, the Liberty Organisation has said. Since the spokesman for the Committee for the Defence of Legitimate Rights (CDLR), Mohammad Al Masaari, was detained May 15, "neither his wife nor his parents have been able to visit him or contact him," Liberty said. Liberty, a London-based organisation specialising in the defence of human rights in the Muslim world, said it was quoting Sheikh Abdullah Al Masaari, the CDLR secretary general and Mohammad's father. He also denied rumors his son had been

#### French immigration official quits

PARIS (R) — The head of France's International Migration Office (OMI) has resigned in protest, warning that the new conservative government's clampdown on immigration could lead to attacks on foreigners. Pierre Louis Remy said in a resignation letter published by French newspapers on Friday: "I disagree with the general tone of the bills presented (to parliament) and the statements which accompany them." Citing statements by hardline Interior Minisfer Charles Pasqua, he wrote: "I fear the assertion that we should aim for zero immigration, will hinder the integration of foreigners who are legally resident in France today."

## **Security Council votes** to protect Bosnia havens

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies)

— The Security Council voted Friday to send heavily-armed troops to protect six Muslim enclaves in Bosnia-Herzegovina despite scepticism by several members that the plan would stop Serb offensives.

The Reliable Airline

European sponsors of the resolution hope at least 5,000 additional troops, backed by air power, can be found to guard the capital of Sarajevo and the towns of Tuzia, Zepa, Srebrenica, Gorazde and Bihac.

The vote was 13-0 with two abstentions, Pakistan and Vene-

Bosnia's ambassador, Moham-mad Sacirbey, delivered a blistering speech to the council before the vote. He said the council was creating an "incomprehensible scenario" by sending troops only to six cities, thereby creating "new non-safe areas."

"U.N. forces will be mostly defending ghost towns or suc-cumb to the evil will of Serbian forces," Mr. Sacirbey predicted.

Many members from developing countries agree with Bosnia's Muslim government that the United Nations should take even tougher action. They say setting up U.N.-guarded regions will

United Nations arms experts ar-

rived in Baghdad Friday to moni-

tor Iraq's ballistic missile poten-

"We're still missing important

information concerning Iraq's

past prohibited (weapons) programme," senior inspector Nikita

Under the terms that ended the

1990 Gulf war over Kuwait, Iraq · 687.

Smidovitch told reporters.

with Gulf was ceasefire terms.

tial and press for full compliance produce them.

BAGHDAD (R) - A team of is compelled to declare and des-

confine a million Muslims to ghettos and recognise Serb territorial gains.

Diego Arria, Venezuela's ambassador, mocked the goals of the operation by quoting a U.N. spokesman in Bosnia as recommending posting a sign outside Gorazde reading, "very danger-ous safe area, keep out."

The United States, France, Britain, Spain and Russia argue, however, that the safe havens are only temporary, meant to save lives pending a political settle-

Deployment of the troops is months away, in part because the council will have to pass another resolution when Secretary-General Boutros Ghali makes recommendations about how many are needed and other operational details.

warned against building high expectations.

"This resolution is not a magic mantle over the safe areas tomorrow, the minute after it's adopted. But it does, in the view of my government, represent a clear step in the direction of making the safe areas safer than they are now," Sir David Hannay Sarajevo reports.

troy all its prohibited ballistic,

biological, chemical and nuclear

weapons along with the means to

teams have been scouring Iraq to

check for banned weapons and

activities. Mr. Smidovitch said

Baghdad was still in non-

compliance with the major Gulf

war ceasefire resolution, number

For more than two years, U.N.

told reporters late Thursday. In Saravejo, U.N. envoy Thorvald Stoltenberg said Bosnian Serbs had failed to honour a deadline of noon Friday (1000 GMT) for letting U.N. military observers into Gorazde.

He said the agreement had been reached at a meeting he and European Community (EC) negotiator for the former Yugoslavia Lord Owen had Thursday with Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic in Pale, 15 kilometres southeast of Sarajevo.

"Not to allow U.N. military observers into the area is a very bad sign and does not give hope for future efforts to help the population in this area." Mr. Stoltenberg told reporters here.

Gorazde, 50 kilometres south-The British ambassador east of Sarajevo, is a U.N.declared safe area from which the Serbs have blocked U.N. military and humanitarian officials while wand. It isn't going to cast a since May 28 they have pursued an offensive on the area.

Bosnian Serbs have also failed to

The United Nations, he said,

needed "information on suppliers

and the operational details con-

cerning the use of this and that

Earlier in Manama, Mr. Smi-dovitch said team would be con-

centrating this time on plants

making liquid-fuel engines and on

gyroscopes, devices which control the flights of missiles.

kind of weapon."

honour à ceasefire Mr. Karadzic said he declared Thursday in Gorazde, according to Radio keep negotiating.
"I think the Arabs have taken U.N. begins new Iraq mission

## Jordan expects Arab-Israeli peace agreements before end of this year

By Jane Arraf

AMMAN — Jordan's new prime minister said Thursday he expected Israel and its Arab neighbours to come to terms at Middle East peace talks by the end of this

Abdul Salam Al Majali, asked if he thought Israel and Jordan would reach an agreement by the time his mandate expires in November, told Reuters in an interview: "I am optimistic. I feel that this will come not just for

Dr. Majali, who has led Jordan's delegation to all nine rounds of peace talks, was appointed by King Hussein Saturday to head a new government until elections in November, the first multi-party elections in Jordan in three decades.

He also serves as foreign minister and defence minister in the temporary government, which has the task of pushing through economic reforms and showing that Jordan is committed to the peace process, which is opposed by most of Jordan's parliament. He said the Arabs would not back out of the talks because they had made a firm commitment to

this decision quite clearly. I don't think they will go back on it," he said when asked whether the peace talks had enough momentum to keep the Arabs engaged. He said that while some progress had been made in the last 18



#### Abdul Salam Majali

months, a breakthrough depended on Israel.

Dr. Majali said he believed that ordinary Jordanians would abandon hostile attitudes towards Israelis once peace was achieved. "We have never been against Jews as Jews — on the contrary our religion (Islam) asks us to

respect them, to respect Christians. Once politics are clear and we have peace certainly attitudes are going to change," he said.
On Sunday, Dr. Majali, a
British-educated physician, will host a meeting of foreign minis-ters from key Arab states as well as the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO). The ministers are expected to announce a decision to continue the talks in Washington in mid-June. "I think in the last 18 months

He said he would keep trying things did progress - they did not progress at same pace on all tracks," Dr. Majali said of the to reach a rapprochment with Gulf Arab states estranged by peace process so far.

draft agreement with Israel in what would be the most visible progress in the U.S.-brokered talks. It has pledged not to implement it, however, until there is a settlement to the Palestinian

Dr. Majali said he believed Israel was now realising that what he called a tradition of placing obstacles or creating crises before each new round of talks would not help its position.

Jordan is close to reaching a

person-one vote system.

"I think this time they must have come to a conclusion this is not working as a deterrent (to the Arab parties)," he said.

Jordan's sympathy for Iraq during the Gulf war. Iraq and Iran should be dealt with through cooperation rather than confrontation, he added. "If you corner any person, no

matter how weak he is, he becomes a lion," Dr. Majali said, referring to Western attempts to isolate Iraq. We would like to be on good

relations with our neighbours, with the Gulf, with Saudi Arabia in particular," he said. Dr. Majali said he had not,

however, yet seen any concrete signs of warmer relations with Riyadh, once a major donor.

### Egyptian and Palestinian officials discuss peace talks

CAIRO (Agencies) — Senior officials of Egypt and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) met Friday to consider Washington's invita-tion to Palestinian negotiators to discuss a joint dec-

laration of principles on Palestinian self-rule. The talks included senior PLO official Mahmoud Abbas, Palestinian delega-tion leader Faisal Al Husseini and Egyptian Foreign Minis-

ter Amr Musa. Osama Al Baz, President Hosni Mubarak's top political adviser, and Palestinian Ambassador to Cairo Saeed Kamal also attended.

No date has been set for a meeting in Washington between Palestinian and U.S.

PLO .officials said Palestinian negotiators submitted a five-page letter to Washington last week with 10 questions about the U.S. position on Palestinian interim selfgovernment and the term of

reference of the peace pro-

"We need American clarifications on their position regarding the peace process before the next round of peace talks starts," Mr. Husseini, overall leader of the Palestinian negotiating team, said in Amman Thursday.

"Without a doubt the American response to our questions will have an impact on our meetings with American officials in Washington and on the negotiations," he Palestinians rejected a

U.S.-drafted joint Palestinian-Israeli statement at the close of the ninth round of talks in Washington last month, saying it was biased towards Israel.

The Palestinian delegation was expected to travel to the United Arab Emirates Saturday in the highest-level Palestinian visit to the Gulf state since the 1991 war over

## Iran says Saudis lifted siege of Mecca mission

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iran said Friday Saudi riot police withdrew armoured vehicles surrounding the headquarters of its mission to the pilgrimage in Mecca at midnight on Thursday but kept the area under surveillance.

Iran says they began to besiege the building earlier on Thursday when they apparently expected an Iranian demonstration.

The official Iranian news agency IRNA said the siege was now over but the Saudi police continued watching the area using two closed circuit television

Tehran and Riyadh clashed over political activity during this year's pilgrimage, which culmin-ated on Monday.

Police stopped Iranian pilgrims carrying out plans to hold an anti-American raily in Meca on this as May 27. Iran denounced this as

an irresponsible act carried out under Ü.S. pressure. The Iranians organised a makeshift rally in their compound at Mina outside Mecca on Tuesday night and vowed they would

hold "deliverance from infidels" ceremonies in Mecca during the Haj in the future. The confrontation raised tensions between the two regional

powers, which are ruled by rival sects of Islam, just as relations seemed to be improving after a visit to Riyadh by Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati last

Saudi Arabia, which said its officials did not notice the Tuesday rally, condemned the earlier Iranian attempt as un-Islamic and

A Saudi official quoted by the Saudi Press Agency blamed the trouble on Iranan extremists who wanted to "blow up the efforts of the wise Iranians who are keen on Iranian interests and who always

try to clear the air between Iran and its Arab neighbours."

Iranian officials follow late re-

volutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini in saying that the Haj, attended by about two million Muslims each year, would be incomplete if it is not used as a forum to air the political grievances of the Islamic World. Ayatollah Khomeini, who died four year ago this week (see

page 10), cursed King Fahd of Saudi Arabia in his will, holding him responsible for killing more than 400 people, mostly Iranians, in riots which erupted when Saudi police tried to halt an Iranian demonstration in Mecca in 1987. Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani, meanwhile, accused

some Arab rulers of massacring Islamic fundamentalists and warned that they would suffer the same fate as the late Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi. Mr. Rafsanjani told visiting

foreign dignitaries in Tehran that some Arab rulers, who he did not name. were killing their own people in the name of nghting Islamic fundamentalism.

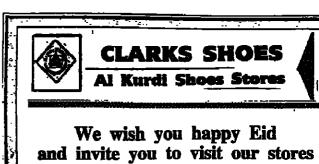
'Those who are suppressing Muslim nations under the pretext of fundamentalism, massacring their peoples because of upholding the banner of Islam and accusing Muslims of having links with Iran, are mistaken ... they are repeating the Shah's experi-ence," he said, adding they would suffer the Shah's fate.

He did not name countries or rulers, but Egypt and Algeria both have been accusing Iran recently of fomenting unrest by fundamentalists.

Libya denies charge

Libya Thursday denied a Saudi claim it had sent nearly 200 armed men to Mecca in 1984 to "hunt out" Libyan dissidents taking part in the pilgrimage.

(Continued on page 3)



Sweifieh tel. 827105

### Palestinians to seek Arab backing for their stands In another development, the

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

DEMOCRACY VIGIL: Despite heavy rain ear-

lier in the day, some 10,000 people attend a candle light vigil in Hong Kong Friday to mark the fourth

AMMAN - The Palestinians are expected to press for broad Arab support for their efforts to realise American and Israeli pledges during a coordination meeting in Amman this week of the Arab parties involved in the 19-month-old peace negotiations with the Jewish state. Barring last-minute develop-

ments, it is a foregone conclusion that the negotiations would resume in Washington on June 14, and the focus of the Sunday-Monday meeting in Amman is expected to be more on Arab strategy than on the date for the American-Russian-sponsored talks, informed sources said Friday.

Washington had suggested June 7 for the resumption of the talks, but the Palestinians sought and secured a one-week

delay. The Amman meeting, which will bring together foreign ministers Farouk Sharaa of Syria, Fariz Bouez of Leba-non, Farouk Kaddoumi of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and host Abdul Salam Majali of Jordan (who is also prime minister), is expected to hear Palestinian

appeals for stepped-up pressure on Washington to fulfill its pledges and twist Israel's arm into honouring the promises made prior to the ninth round

One of the main Palestinian demands is for an immediate end to a tight closure of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip imposed by the Israeli occupation authorities in late

"How can the Palestinian delegates justify their presence on the peace negotiating table with Israel while their people are suffering under one of the severest sieges ever imposed by the occupation army?" said a Palestinian source.

In a way, the Israeli closure is seen by optimists as the forerunner of a total separation between the Jewish state and the occupied territories (except the Jewish settlements there). But the siege has brought about severe economic hardships for the Palestinians whose economy and wage-earnings have been closely linked with Israel since the Jewish state occupied the areas in 1967.

Furthermore, Arab East

Jerusalem has been cut off

from the rest of the occupied

territories, and opening the Holy City is of paramount political significance for the

anniversary of the Chinese military crackdown on

the 1989 pro-democracy movement in Beijing (Shanghai protests broken up, page 10)

Other Palestinian demands expected to be tabled in Amman this week include a clear timetable for the return of Palestinian expellees stranded in South Lebanon since December, release of Palestinian women and children prisoners from Israeli jails, and a total halt to Israel's policy of demolition of Palestinian homes.

The PLO, which sent a highlevel delegation to Syria, Lebanon and Jordan two weeks ago, is expected to press the Arabs to support its quest for the restart of the suspended U.S.-PLO dialogue. But, the sources said, it was unlikely that the Arab parties, while sympathising with the PLO demand, would condition their return to the talks on the resumption of the dialogue.

The demands as well as issues of substance related to the core of the peace talks are also expected to be tabled by the Palestinians at a meeting with U.S. State Department officials prior to the resumption of the peace negotiations. In the run-up to the Amman meeting, which will also be attended by Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa, Prime Minister Majali held a round of talks with Palestinian delega-tion leader Faisal Husseini Thursday.

"After an assessment of the ninth of Arab-Israeli peace talks, the two sides stressed the need to maintain Jordanian-Palestinian coordination," the Jordanian News Agency, Petea. said.

Mr. Husseini and PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas was in Cairo Friday (see separate story). PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo was also in town Friday. U.S. Secretary of State War-

ren Christopher, meanwhile, has cancelled a visit to the Middle East in what was slated to be an effort to smoothen things in the peace process. Mr. Christopher was ex-

pected in the region after attending an intenational human rights conference in Vienna on June 14, but he called off his plans after it became evident that no serious questions remained on the resumption of the peace talks in Washington, reports said.

Palestinian People's Party (Communist), which held back its two delegates and advisor in the Palestinian negotiating team from attending the last round of talks, will be sending one of its representatives, Ghassan Al Khatib, along with Mr. Husseini to the Washington meeting with State Depart-ment officials, sources told the Jordan Times.

It was not immediately known whether Dr. Khatib. who, along with Samir Abdullah, did not attend the ninth round, would also go to the formal negotiations with

During the meeting with the Palestinians, American officials will try to thrash out some of the major differences that held up the issuance of a joint Israeli-Palestinian "declara-tion of principles" during the

Palestinian delegates who had rejected an Israeli draft as well as an American compromise document and ruled out any discussions on the two drafts. will present an elaboration of a Palestinian-drafted declaration to Washington.

## Fraq-Kuwait border town lives life on the edge

Reuter

UMM OASR, Iraq — Iraqis on the wrong side of the new border with Kuwait say it will take more than a concrete marker and a U.N. decision to drive them from their

Children play in the dusty streets around pillar 105, the second-last marker on the 207-kilometres border redrawn by the United Nations after the 1991 Gulf war.

Civilians come and go at will within a demilitarised zone spanning the border. Some youngsters attend school in Iraq but live in what the U.N. says is Kuwait.

The Security Council de-clared in late May that the border demarcation was final. At the southern edge of Umm Oasr town, Iraqi government buildings have been levelled by the U.N.

But solid brick homes with large gardens testify to the middle class life provided by the nearby port before Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, and show Baghdad's determination to hold its ground despite its Gulf war defeat.

Twenty of the 63 families now on the Kuwaiti side of town were moved there after the war ended Irag's occupation of the emirate.

"As we understand it this is Iraq and it is going to stay Iraq. There is not a single Kuwaiti for miles," said Mayor Mohammad Abdullah Al Liwai, installed by Baghdad after the war.

"We are not leaving our homes. Where would we go?" asks Zainab Abbas, a 22 year-old mother of five. Importantly for Baghdad the new line gives Kuwait

most of an Iraqi naval base and part of an oil field. Iraqis were never happy about the British-fostered development of Kuwait as a separate territory after World

Although Baghdad gave diplomatic recognition to the emirate's government in 1963 it did not follow through with a formal agreement to mark

The U.N. boundary commission set up after the 1991 Gulf war says it was not drawing a new line - just clarifying that the old frontier really lay a short distance northeast of the informal border used over the years.

The demilitarised zone is patrolled by the United Nations, which bars Kuwait from setting up its border posts closer than one kilometre from the U.N.defined frontier.

The nearest Kuwaiti town is 120 kilometres away and many Iraqis here speak as though the Gulf war never

happened,
"Kuwait is part of Iraq.
Nothing can change that," said Mr. Abbas, reciting the lesson every traci child learns in school. "This is all our

country."
"Kuwait will always be an Iraqi province," said a young soldier at home when asked about statements by Iraqi officials earlier this year that Kuwait was "a closed chap-

"We have the will and we have the men — we will get it back." said the soldier, Abdul Mohsan Gaetan Hassan, ridiculing Kuwait's plans to build a huge trench and lay over one million mines along the frontier.

Like other servicemen, Hassan has been partly cushioned from U.N. trade sanctions and post-war inflation by pay rises.

850 dinars a month. That is only about \$15 at current black market rates.

But it is about four times the pay of the civilians at the DOT, which is idle because of U.N. trade sanctions but still which is idle because of has 90 per cent of the town's workforce on its payroll. Iraq's 1980-1988 war with

Iran left the Shatt Al Arab waterway at its southeastern border blocked with sunken ships, making Umm Qasr the only outlet to the Gulf.

The U.N. border commission says the boundary ensures both countries access to the Gulf through the Khor Abdullah waterway.

At the naval base, the rubble of buildings and salvaged boats shows Iraqi property destroyed by the United Na-tions after Baghdad was allowed to take out what it

A clash over Iraq's removal of police posts across the demarcation line in Januar, helped spark U.S.-led air strikes against Baghdad. The problem still simmers.

Iraq has denounced the saying it ignored history to give Iraqi territory to Kuwait and repeating claims that the oil-rich emirate was historically "sliced off" from Iraq by European powers.

"Some Iraqis have been tortured when they went to retrieve cables ... our farmers near the border have been shot at," said Major Wasfi Aoda, an Iraqi liaison officer with the U.N. Iraq-Kuwait Observer Mission monitoring the demilitarised zone.

U.N. military observers say Iraqis and Kuwaitis have exchanged sporadic fire several times a month from their border posts.

Kuwait says it is expecting the U.N. to boost its force along the border soon with additional troops from Greece, Argentina and Bang-



ANTI-PULLOUT PROTESTS: Demonstrators with graduation hats call on Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to resign as he was receiving a honorary degree from an Israeli university Thursday. The demonstrators oppose Israell withdrawal from Syria's Golan Heights. Israel's leading reli-gious authorities declared Thursday that the Golan is an integral part of the Jewish state. The chief

rabbinate issued a communique saying: "The Golan is inseparable from Israel where religiou precepts linked to the land apply and whose inhabitants obey the commandment to people greater Israel." The communique signed by chief rabbis Israel Lau and Eliahu Bakshi Doron followed a meeting with a delegation of rabbis from

#### U.N. panel assails Iran over rights of women

GENEVA (AP) — The U.N. Committee on Economic, Cultural and Social Rights has taken Iran to task for its treatment of women and for failing to lift the death threat against author Salman Rushdie.

A U.N. statement Thursday said that Iran was one of six countries considered during a two-week closed-door meeting to review compliance with the 1976 U.N. convention on economic, social and cultural rights.

The text of the committee's concluding remarks, made available by U.N. officials, were particularly critical of Iran.

"The committee expresses its particular concern with respect to the nonperformance by the government of Iran of its obligation ... to ensure the equality of men and women," the 18-

It said Iran's constitution placed unacceptable conditions. with phrases like "provided it is not against Islam," on the country's respect for human rights. "It is apparent that the authorities in Iran are using the religion

these rights," it said, The committee found that the Iranian government's report on the situation of women in Iran was "essentially legalistic" and that concerns about the treatment of non-Muslim minorities "have

as a pretext in order to abuse

not been satisfactorily answered" Philip Alston of Australia, chairman of the panel, told reporters earlier that "in diplomatic language" the committee's discussion with Iran was "a robust

exchange." The committee said women in Iran were forbidden to study engineering, agriculture, mining, metallurgy and "a very large number of specific subjects at university level."

They also are barred from becoming magistrates and need their husbands permission to work or travel abroad, it said. Iran's practices are "incompati-

ble with the obligations undertaken by Iran under the covenant," the committee said. "The obligation to ensure equal opportunity for women warrants particular attention,

especially in relation to the right

to work, family-related rights and

the right to education." it said.

## **Amnesty says women** targeted and tortured in Tunisia crackdown

PARIS' (AP) - Hundreds of women have been arbitrarily arrested in Tunisia over the past two years and scores of them tortured, sexually abused or threatened, Amnesty International said Thursday.

to give themselves up. Tunisia's Foreign Ministry re-

jected the report as "calumnious, prejudiced, partial and tendencious," and said it brought discredit on the human rights group. Amnesty called on the Tuni-

that such practices end.

port, security officials over the past two years have targeted mainly wives and relatives of supporters of the banned Muslim fundamentalist movement, Al Nahda, and the banned Tunisian Workers' Communist Party. I said such abuse reveals a

become increasingly widespread over the past two years and which is part of a wider circle of repression of political opponents ....

engaged in a crackdown on the Al Nahda movement since 1990. convicting hundreds of supporters in two trials last year. According to Amnesty, at least 8.000 people were thought to have been arrested at the height of the crackdown in 1991.

Women became increasingly vulnerable to abuse as the crackdown intensified, the report said, and men went into hiding or fled. Security forces then focused on female relatives to extract information on the men's whereahouts or pressure them to turn themselves in, the report

charged. Harassment includes night visits to relatives' homes, illegal searches and summons to police stations, with some women detained for more than the maximum 10 days, according to Amnesty.

Many of those detained were not physically abused, the report said, "However, scores of women

1992, when the majority of Islamic activists were silenced.

Amnesty said the number of women victimised by torture is difficult to evaluate because many cases go unreported out of shame or fear. It said it corroborated scores of victims' reports with lawyers and doctors who

The report included several women's accounts of detention periods that included beatings and sexual abuse. The women

One women who claimed she was forced to undress in front of policemen, policewomen and her brother allegedly had "cigarettes stubbed on my genitals while two policemen held my hands and a policewoman held my face."

The woman, married to a prominent Al Nahda member, claimed she was suspended by her arms and beaten. Doctors confirmed partial paralysis of the right arm, and "physical condi-tions consistent with her allegations of torture," Amnesty said.

#### Tunis rejects charge

The Tunisian government bitterly criticised such "false testimony" of women "belonging to the terrorist movement Al Nahda and the leftist group poet, both

The Foreign Ministry described the report as "calumnious in its allegations, systematic in its prejudices, partial and tendencious in its positions, reproducing without discernments tracts diffused by extremist groups which preach violence ...

It condemned the Amnesty report, saying it "puts seriously into question the credibility of this The statement noted Tunisia's

cliorts on behalf of women, which include a personal code that frees Tunisia's women from many of the strictures customary in the Arab World.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

#### U.S. armed forces radio, TV in Somalia

MOGADISHU (AP) — Six months after arriving in this desert wasteland, where the best entertainment is watching camels trot down main street, U.S. soldiers will begin receiving armed forces radio and television. U.S. Air Force Major Ron Paciello announced Thursday that one television station and two radio stations should begin operating by the beginning of July off satellite feeds from the Armed Forces network in Frankfurt, Germany. The military is shipping in 1,000 radios and 100 television sets, plus 100 sets of rabbit ears - none of which can be found here. The bad news is the listening range will be 30 kilometres at the most, so soldiers outside Mogadishu will miss out. The good news: Armed Forces network has no commercials.

#### Dead Sea scroll publisher appeals damages

TEL AVIV (AFP) - A U.S. academic has lodged an appeal with Israel's supreme court against conviction for violating copyright on a key manuscript of the Dead Sea scrolls. Hershel Shanks, editor of the U.S. Biblical Archaeology Review, printed a pirated version of a scroll reconstructed painstakingly by an Israeli professor and was ordered to pay \$36,000 damages as well as costs. Professor Elisah Qimron of Beersheba University spent 11 years deciphering 70 fragments of the ancient texts unearthed at Qumran by the Dead "The court erred in ignoring the distinction between a creative and original process that is not protected by copyright law and a creative and original text," Mr. Shanks claims in his appeal. The case centres on the rights of a scholar to exclusivity and has drawn widespread interest in the academic world. For Mr. Shanks, scholars working on the scrolls took too long and deprived the public of the right to know. Prof. Qimron was assigned the work as part of an international team studying the prized texts from the ascetic Jewish sect which some believe provide clues to the birth of Christianity. No date has been set for the appeal.

#### Marines to take part in Kuwait exercises

WASHINGTON (AFP) - About 4,200 U.S. Marines will participate in joint manoeuvres with British and Kuwaiti forces next week in Kuwait and the Gulf, the Pentagon said Thursday.
Code-named Eager Mace, the exercise, scheduled for June 7 to 15. is designed to "demonstrate U.S. amphibious capabilities and the continuing U.S. commitment to the security and stability of the Persian' Gulf region." said a Pentagon statement. The participating U.S. Marine units include elements of Amphibius Squadron Two and the 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit. Marines will also provide an amphibious cargo ship and a tank landing ship. U.S. forces have carried out regular military exercises in Kuwait and the Gulf under the terms of a defence cooperation agreement signed by the United States and Kuwait after the 1991 Gulf war.

#### Rebels defect to army in south Sudan

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Fourteen rebel soldiers, including four officers, have defected to the Sudanese armed forces in the western Nucr zome of Upper Nile state in south Sudan, the official media reported Thursday. The defectors included a lieutenant-colonel and three first lieutenants, according to the army general command, which said they were well received by government troops when they came over on March 25. The military did not say whether the rebels came from Colonel John Garang's Dinkadominated mainstream faction of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) or Rick Machar's dissident wing, which is mainly Nuer. The army general command attributed continuing defections of rebel officers to low morale, the distances of supply lines and acute food shortages in their ranks. It also declared that the defectors were convinced of the need for peace in Sudan, where the SPLA has been fighting for a decade to end domination of the mainly animist and Christian south by the Arabic-speaking north. Peace talks between Colonel Garang's SPLA mainstream and the Khartoum military junta broke down last month because of disagreement on imposing strict Islamic law or making Sudan a

#### Britain offers to help Lebanon rebuild

BEIRUT (AFP) Britain is ready to help Lebanon rebuild from the ruins left by 15 years of war, British Housing Minister Sir George Young said here Thursday. "We will be working hard to win business for Britain and looking for opportunities to assist Beirut and Lebanon in its programme of reconstruction and development," he said. Mr. Young, heading the first British delegation to Lebanon in years, was attending a seminar on reconstruction chaired by British Ambassador to Lebanon Geraldine Fort. Also attending were Lebanese cabinet members and the head of the Reconstruction and Development Council, Fadl Shalan. Mr. Young and his 15-member delegation of businessmen representing large British construction firms arrived in Beirut

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#### Netanyahu blackmail complaint probe dropped

TEL AVIV (AP) - Prosecutors have dropped a probe into allegations of political blackmail and wiretapping of Likud Party leader Benjamin Netanyahu's telephone, for lack of evidence, officials said Thursday. The probe kicked off a feud which still threatens to split the right-wing party and hurt its chances of defeating Labour Party Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin in the next Israeli elections. Mr. Netanyahu, also a former U.N. ambassador, complained of eavesdropping in January, saying a threatening telephone call was made to his wife about an extramantal affair, which he admitted to being involved in. He accused political rivals of trying to blackmail him into dropping his candidacy for the right-wing party's number one spot, which he ended up winning anway in a March primary. A justice ministry statement said police came up with insufficient evidence to press charges, but maintained there had been sufficient grounds to open an investigation. It said some signs of tampering with Mr. Netanyahu's office telephone was found but not the phone caller to Mrs. Netanyahu. "There was no evidence found to provide grounds to suspect any person or other factor" of the complaints made, it said, Israeli media reported that Mr. Netanyahu had suspected supporters of his main rival in the race, former Foreign Minister David Levy, of the cavesdropping, Mr. Netanyahu denied this Thursday. Mr. Levy, still angry, accused Mr. Netanyahu on state television of "audacity." He also urged Mr. Netanyahu to "draw conclusions," which in Hebrew parlance generally means a call for someone to resign.

#### Germany to boost force in Somalia; agreement reached on Kismayu truce BONN (Agencies) — Germany will boost to some 1,700 effort taken over by the United Nations from the United

the number of soldiers it plans to send into war and faminetorn Somalia as part of a United Nations humanitarian mission there, according to Defence Minister Volker Ruche.

Bonn initially planned to send some 1,600 peacekeepers to the Horn of Africa country as part of a planned 30,000strong U.N. contingent to enforce security in a country ruined by drought and clan

warfare. Some 150 German troops will leave for Somalia next week. Mr. Ruche told a news

conference Thursday. 'Our soldiers are Germany's envoys, Somalia's people need them." Mr. Ruehe said, adding that all troops and equipment, including 46 armoured cars, would be in

Germany already has some 150 soldiers based in Belet Huen, a relatively peaceful town in central Somalia as part of a mission which is testing Germany's constitutional limitation on military Bonn wants to expand the

Somalia by mid-August.

role of its military, limited to defence since World War II. by sending soldiers to join international peacekeeping forces and eventually combat But the opposition Social Democrats (SPD) are chal-

lenging the move in the sup-

SORDAN TELEVISION



umad Farah Aldeed

reme court, arguing the constitution must be changed. "It is clear that we are dealing with a mission which our constitution does not provide for." Rudolf Dressler. the SPD's spokesman on social affairs, told German tele-

#### Agreement on Kismayu

Clan elders in Somalia's main hot spot agreed Thursday on a truce in the hostilities that have hindered international peacemaking efforts in the country.

U.N. special envoy Admiral Jonathan Howe agreed that a lot of work remains to resolve the simmering animosities in Kismayu. The southern port city's problems have proved resistant to the military relief

States a month ago. "We recognise this is the beginning of a journey, not the end," he said.

After four days of talks at a Mogadishu hotel, about 60 elders of the two primary factions in the lower Juba region that includes Kismayu issued a

"declaration of peace and reconciliation." The ambitious document sets an agenda for peace talks. It salls for an end to hostilities in the Lower Juba and reunification of the residents within

Signatories included Mohammad Said Hersi known as Morgan — who is the son-in-law of former dictator Mohammad Siad Barre and his rival Mohammad

Omar Jess. "I would like to congratulate all of those who worked so hard to bring together this historic document." Adm. Howe said at a ceremony attended by the signatories.

Colonel Jess is an ally of Mogadishu warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed, who has accused the U.N. of allowing "Morgan" to operate with impunity to return Mr. Siad Barre to power. The U.N. denies

Gen. Aideed is the single most powerful warlord in the country and hopes to take control of a federal-style parliament set up under U.N. peace accords later this year.

#### have testified that during their time in detention they were tortured, beaten, undressed, sexually abused and threatened with A report by the London-based The report said that security forces focused on female relatives of Communist Party activists in

human rights organisation charged that some women were "detained as hostages" to pressure male relatives wanted for their ties to banned organisations

sian government to recognise that

torture and ill-treatment --documented in two 1992 reports remain a "serious problem," to tnoroughly investigate it, pun-According to the 14-page re-

pattern of human rights violations against women which has

Tunisian authorities have been

## JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

#### Tel. 773111-19 FROGRAMME TWO ... Les Aventuries de l'Espace ..... Geopolis ..... News in French ...... News in Arabic ...... News in English PRAYER TIMES

## Fajr (Sunrise) Duha Dhuhr Asr

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The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 823824, 654932
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#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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#### Food Control Centre ....

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Fire Brigade 891228 Blood Bank .. 775121 Highway Police Public Security Department 630321 Hotel Complaints 608800 Price Complaints 661176 897467 Telephone Information (directory assistance)
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HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann ... 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn.... 642441/2 . 636140 666127/37 Italian, Al-Muhajreen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh ... Army, Marka .... Oucen Alia Hospital .... 777101/3

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ZARQA: Zarqa Govi. Hospital .... (09)98323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)980560 Iba Sana Hospital ...... (09)986732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital ..... (19) 90090 IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital (02:275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02):272275 Ibn Al Nafces Hospital (02):247100

Princess Haya Hospital ... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

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| 06-90 | Jakaria Singapore (RJ) | 09-45 | New Delhi (RJ) | 19-15 | Cauro, Aqaba (RJ) | 19-15 | Dhabran (RJ) | 19:15 Dhahran (RJ)
19:15 Dhahran (RJ)
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SPREADING CHEER: Her Majesty Queen Noor spends the Eid Al Adha feast with the orphans at the SOS Children's Villages in Amman and Aqaba. Accompanied by her children Princes Hamzeh and Hashem and Princesses Eiman and Raya, the Queen chatted with the children and distributed gifts to them for the Eid. Officials at the two villages expressed appreciation for the Queen Noor's customary visits and her continued care for the children.

# Pilgrims return

AMMAN (J.T.) — Muslims from Palestinian lands occupied since 1948 who were on pilgrimage in Mecca will start arriving in Am-man Saturday, and the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs has arranged to receive them at Marj Al Hamam near Amman, accord-

ing to the ministry sources.

The sources said Jordanian citizens wishing to temporarily host the pilgrims should call Saturday at the gathering point at Marj Al Hamam for arrangements with police authorities.

Just before the end of the pilgrimage, the head of the Jordanian pilgrimage mission and advisor to His Majesty King Hussein on Islamic Affairs Sheikh Izzeddin Al Khatib Al Tamimi called Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali to assure him that all Jordanian pilgrims were in good health and have embarked on their return trip to Jordan.

Special arrangements are also being made at the King Hussein Bridge in the Jordan Valley to facilitate the return of pilgrims from the Israeli-occupied territories to their homes, following their brief stay in the Kingdom.

The Public Security Department said the pilgrims will be gathered at the Pilgrims City at Ghor Nimrein Saturday and Sunday before crossing to the occupied territories.



His Majesty King Hussein attends prayers at Al Hashemieh Mosque on the occasion of Eid Al Adha. King Hussein is accompanied by Their Royal Highnesses Princes Abdullah, Faisal, Hamzeh and

Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, Speaker of the Senate Ahmad Al Lawzi and Lower House Speaker Abdul Latif Ara-biyat (Petra photo)



His Majesty King Hussein receives lead-ing officials of the Intelligence Depart-ment, the Public Security Department,

the Army and Civil Defence Department on the occasion of the Eid Al Adha.

# Jordan ends Eid Al Adha holidays

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordanian life returns to "business as usual" Saturday following a five-day holiday observed by public and private sectors on the Eid Al Adha, which marked the end of this year's pilgrimage to Mecca.

On the first day of the Feast of Sacrifice, His Majesty King Hussein attended prayers at Al

Hashemieh Mosque with other worshippers including Royal family members, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, senior government officials and high-ranking army offic-

Following the prayers, His Majesty visited the tombs of Kings Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein and Talal Ibn Abdullah where he recited verses of the Holy Koran and laid memorial wreaths. King Hussein also visited the tomb of the late Queen Alia.

Later His Majesty attended a reception at Raghadan Palace where he greeted well-wishers who included prominent individuals, ministers, Parliament members, heads of diplomatic missions, religious leaders and many other

During the holiday, at least 16 deaths and 100 injuries were reported in the Kingdom, resulting from incidents at home, fires, road accidents and food poisonings.

Local newspapers reported the occurrence of at least 8,640 incidents and accidents in the last five days noting that they occurred in different governo-

The reports indicated that some of victims are still being treated at hospitals including Al Bashir Hospital in Amman which reported the treatment of 3,558 injuries, one third of which were children.

Local newspapers also reported that one of the fires occurred at a petrol station in Zarga when a lit cigarette was thrown by a worker while oil

products were being pumped into the station's depots.

The report said that the Civil Defence fire engines were called to extinguish the fire which caused material damage but no casualties.

#### **Businesses** look for speedy economic reform ter of Trade and Industry.

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Reuters

AMMAN — Jordan's new government has pledged to speed the pace of economic reform and raised hopes that the private sector will play a wider role in the economy.

"Our first priority will be to intensify efforts the previous government began in reactivating the economy," newly-appointed Fi-nance Minister Sami Qammo told Reuters.

Business leaders are pressing

the government to offer them shares in successful state enterprises, a move which may mean a loss of jobs, and cut bureaucracy which they say is a disincentive to

Despite past commitments to allocate a larger role to the private sector, a programme to privatise major sectors including telecommunications, the state refinery, cement industry and port facilities is mostly still at the

planning stage.
The transitional government named by His Majesty King Hussein on May 29 will supervise Jordan's November parliamentary elections, the first multi-party vote in more than three decades. Almost half of the ministers who resigned plan to run in the elections.

This government has no justification now not to take economic measures that may be unpopular and painful, but necessary... it need not be constrained as its predecessor by electoral factors," said Hamdi Al Tabaa, prominent businessman and a former minis-

up privatistion measures. Others said the new government could also help implement laws already passed or in the pipeline such as those setting up duty-free zones or reducing taxa-"If only the present laws that give the private sector a bigger role are put into action... it will

Business officials said the new

government's strong mandate

should help it enact laws speeding

create a better investment environment," said Hani Nasser, a major contractor. The private sector, estimated to have about \$10 billion in liquid

assets; is still on the sidelines awaiting concrete steps to reduce red tape before investing large

RECEIVING WELL-WISHERS: Prime Minis-



Adha receives former Prime Minister Ahmad Obeidat Dr. Majali and his Cabinet received

well-wishers at the Prime Ministry following the ter Abdul Salam Al Majali on the first day of Eid Al formation of Jordan's new government which coincided with the beginning of the Feast of Sacrifice holidays (Petra photo)

## Vocational corporation plans to train 73,000 citizens during 5-year plan

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Voca- technology-related fields. tional Training Corporation (VTC) plans to provide training in different trades to 73,000 citizens during the 1993-1997 Five-Year- Plan, according to Ahmad Atwan, VTC director

The training will take place at 37 vocational training centres in various governorates, said Dr. Atwan at a ceremony for the graduation of a new group of 1,000 trainees last week.

Under the five-year-plan, said Dr. Atwan, the VTC will set up new training centres that will take in women trainees and also will give priority to training in

Setting up of new centres or expanding existing ones will take place at Aqaba where a hotel training institute will be established and also at Yajouz, Ain Basha, Qweismeh, Manara and Irbid, said Dr. Atwan.

He said a modern training cen-tre that will cost JD5 million is being set up at Zarqa to train young men in construction work. Since its establishment in 1977,

the VTC has been able to organise training courses extending from three months to two years to 76,000 citizens in cooperation with 3,400 private businesses which offered practical training

for VTC trainees. Most of the trainees in the past few years, said Dr. Atwan, included community college and school graduates who have been

searching for work.
Dr. Atwan noted that the VTC has been particularly cooperating with the Sahab Industrial City near Amman and the Al Hassan

Both these cities have numer-

providing Jordan with much-needed skilled workers who are currently seeking employment.

taneous initiative by pilgrims who could not fly from Libya to the

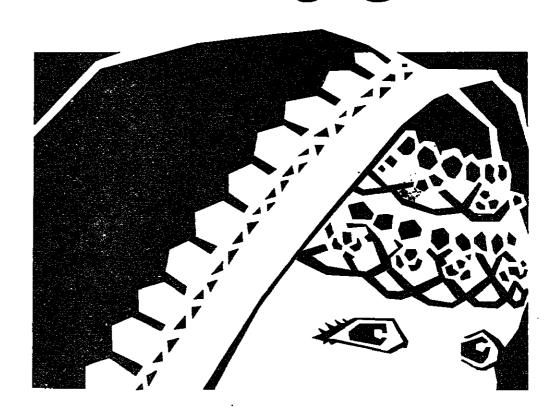
## Cambodia election observers return

AMMAN (J.T.) — A 10-member Jordanian delegation which served as part of the United Nations team in supervising the general elections in Cambodia returned to Amman Thursday evening, after what they expressed was a difficult mission.

The head of the team, Abdul Qader Habahbeh, said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency (Petra) Friday that their mission was rather difficult because they were assigned a part of Cambodia which was under the control of the Khmer Rouge opposition

During the six days of voting, he said, the Jordanian team was operating within the framework of a programme set by the United Nations and closely cooperating with the U.N. headquarters in Phnom Penh.

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### Iran says Saudis lifted siege

OATH-TAKING: Minister of State for Prime

Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan Thursday

took the oath of office before His Majesty King Hussein. Present at the oath-taking ceremony

(Continued from page 1)

"Apart from their slander. Saudi auithorities are inventing lies to harm the Libyan reople and leader Muammar Qadhafi who has devoted all his efforts to Islam," the official JANA news agency said.
The charges are "baseless," it

added.

Sandi Television on Wednesday showed a film said to have been taken in 1984 in which Saudi security men were seen seizing revolvers in the luggage of Libyans arriving at the airport for the

It said the Libyans concerned said they had been sent to "hunt out stray dogs" — Tripoli's term for dissident Libyans.

One man shown identified himself as Mustafa Salem and said he and the others had come to "eliminate the enemies of Islam and the stray dogs" among Libyan

A Saudi Television commentator said the number of Libyans carrying arms when they landed in Saudi Arabia was "close to 200."

#### Pilgrimage to Jerusalem

Libyan pilgrims who made an unprecedented trip to Jerusalem also accused Saudi Arabia of taking cheap shots at Col. Qadha-

"The Saudi authorities unfortuantely exploited this case to

cover up on its crime of preventing Libyans from going to the pilgrimage in Mecca," Daw Tajouri, a spokesman for the Li-byans, told a news conference in Cairo on Thursday.

"If they want to defame the name of the leader (Qadhafi) and the name of the Libyan republic this is cheap exploitation."
The nearly 200 Libyan pil-

grims, who arrived in Jerusalem on Monday, could not fly directly from Tripoli to the Haj in Mecca because Saudi Arabia honoured U.N. sanctions imposed on Libya.

Instead, they travelled through Egypt, Israel and the occupied West Bank to Jerusalem, where their presence angered Palestinians and other Arabs, and their comments on wresting the Holy City from Israeli control infuriated Israelis.

Their trip to Jerusalem raised speculation Libya hoped to ease the sanctions, but the pilgrims insisted their visit to holy sites in the city was not political.

The group, which includes some government employees, arrived in Cairo on Wednesday night after cutting short their Jerusalem visit by one day. They were expected to leave for Libya

Libya, trying to calm Arab fears, had denied the trip was an overture to the Jewish state. Libyan-based diplomats said

the trip was criticised inside Tripoli, despite an official media campaign presenting it as a spon-

were Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, former

prime minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and Royal

Court Chief Khalid Al Karaki (Petra photo)

Industrial City in Irbid.

ous types of factories where the trainees have earned practical experience, said Dr. Atwan. He said that the VTC aims at

pilgrimage to Mecca. "We have visited Jerusalem because it is an Arab and Islamic capital. It is the capital of the Palestinian state which was recognised by some 80 countries. Our visit does not mean that we have

recognised Israel or have links with Israel," Mr. Tajouri said. "We are dignified and free people. We don't take permission from New York or from (Palestinian leader) Faisal Al Husseini to pray in (Jerusalem's) Al Aqsa Mosque," Mr. Tajouri said.
"Since the Saudi authorities

have failed to liberate its holy lands from Western forces (after the 1991 Gulf war), there is no difference between occupied Jerusalem and occupied Mecca,"

#### **OBITUARY**

East-West Establishment mourns with deep regret and sorrow the late pharmacist George Iskandar Hazboun

who passed away in Canada Saturday, 29 May 1993 and was buried there. May his soul rest in peace.

For condolences, please contact: Fax: (1514) 27 44 173 Tel.: (1514) 68 31 813

or write to the following postal address: 11950 ROUE PIERREFONDS NO. 418 PROVINCE QUEBEC P.Q. HGA 2×5 CANADA

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

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## Serving notice

THE MEETING in Amman tomorrow of the Arab foreign ministers to the Middle East peace talks may not be different from the previous one held on the eve of the ninth round of the bilateral talks. The agenda will most probably focus on the obstacles that hindered progress during the last round, on progress, or the lack of it, achieved in the last two weeks and on ways and means that might help the Arab negotiating stand. While more and more people are sceptical that the 10th round would be dramatically different from the ninth, it is hard to see any future for the talks altogether unless there is a change of heart on the part of Israel. The Israeli government under Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin still holds the key for any breakthrough for the entire peace process.

On the Palestinian-Israeli level, the bottom line is whether Rabin accepts the full application of U.N. Security Council resolutions calling for peace in return for the restoration of Palestinian lands and Palestinian national rights. The kind of settlements that Israel has already constructed on Palestinian soil suggests, however, that Israel's rhetorical acceptance of Security Council Resolution 242 is nothing more than a negotiating gimmick aiming to convince the world of its sincerity in the quest for peace treaties with its Arab neighbours. The exclusion by Israel of East Jerusalem from the purview of the Palestinian-Israeli talks also reenforces the suspicion that in fact Israel is not prepared to withdraw from the Palestinian territories. All past efforts to register progress in the Palestinian-Israeli track have failed simply because Israel has yet to commit itself to an operational application of Resolution 242.

There is no chance that the other negotiating tracks can attain any progress in the absence of real progress on the Palestinian-Israeli track. That is why Rabin is constantly striving to reverse the order of the negotiating process by putting the other Israeli-Arab bilateral peace talks ahead of the Palestinian-Israeli track. This much the Amman meeting Sunday can correct by emphasising the necessity of achieving a breakthrough on the Palestinian case over the other Arab-Israeli conflicts. The Arab foreign ministers can make a point of this issue during their deliberations Sunday and then serve Israel and the two co-sponsors of the bilateral peace talks with notice that that is how the Arab parties regard the peace process. The sooner Rabin becomes convinced that no progress whatsoever can be attained on the other fronts unless he comes out more clearly on the Palestinian question the better it will be for all parties concerned. The frustration felt by Palestinians and Arabs alike at the lack of progress and the Israeli right's determination to sabotage the peace process both now threaten to kill it altogether. Time is certainly against peace unless it is used quickly to attain some results. That much must be made loud and clear for both Israel and the U.S. to hear and

#### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

AL RA'I Atabic duty Friday recalled the June 5 anniversary noting that it marks the lapse of 25 years since the 1967 occupation of West Bank and Gaza Strip. The paper said the Arabs should draw useful lessons from this sad anniversary and act in a more objective manner to regain their rights. The Arabs should not give way to despair as a result of this set-back or in view of the current situation in the Arab World, said the paper, It is true that the differences and divisions among Arab states are as deep as ever and it is true that Arab rights are still usurped as Israel continues to ignote U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 358, the exchange of land for peace and as a result of the negative U.S. attitude towards the peace process, said the paper. But, it said, it should be noted that the intifada is still going on despite the escalation of Israeli terrorist and criminal actions and this calls for renewed hope that the Arabs will eventually regain their lost land and right. What is needed now, the paper said, is diligent and concerted action on the part of the Arabs towards ending their differences and working for the sake of opening new avenues of cooperation and collective action. The paper said that the June 5 anniversary should give the Arab reason for hope rather than decrease feather the attention of waiting

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily commented on a visit by Libvan Muslims to the holy places in occupied Jerusalem by charging that the Libvan leader has taken this step not for the sake of ending the current siege imposed by Israel on the Palestinian people of the West Bank and Gaza Strip but rather in a bid to mend fences with the Western countries in general and the United States in particular. Saleh Qallah said that the visit can also be interpreted as a sign, on the part of Libva, to normalise relations with Israel in a flagrant defiance of Arab feelings and breach of the pan-Arab consensus on maintaining the boycott on Israel. The breach, said the writer, came from an Arab country calling itself revolutionary and progressive and which has all along spearheaded efforts to a strongly resist normalising relations with Israel as long as it continues to occupy Arab lands. Following the occupation of Palestinian lands in 1967, the Arabs decided that they should impose total boycott of Israel, banning even pilgrims from going to the holy city. Indeed, the Copts of Egypt are still committed to this decision and have not sent a single Christian pilgrim to the Christian hely places in Jerusalem, said the writer. He said that although the Libyan people continue to suffer from the results of the sanction on their country, this suffering should to the Israeli enemy during a holy day for the Muslim Nation.

#### **LEFT IN A LIMBO?**

## Kurds need West's aid, protection

By Michael Ignatieff

KURDISTAN -- "Allo Mistair!" the shoeshine boys cry when you pass them in the dusty alleys of Dohuk. "Allo Mistair!" comes the greeting from the peshmergas guarding the bridges as you cross in your Land-Cruiser. On the goat-tracks up to the hilltop vil-lages, little brown-faced girls in purple gowns, bent under the weight of the firewood on their packs, shyly return your wave. Men put down their hoes and come out of the rice paddies and give you a muddy hand to shake. "Allo Mistair, so when you cut Saddam's throat for us?

When indeed. President Saddam has blockaded Kurdistan's borders and a desperately poor economy is only kept going by the ingenuity of the mule drivers who bring cooking oil and soap over the mountain passes from Iran and the oil-smeared boys who sell smuggled petrol from jerry cans

The police chief in Sulaimanyeh showed me a cabinet case full of plastic bombs which Iraqi agents have attached to the lorries of international aid convoys. Soveral weeks ago. President Saddam suddenly withdrew the 24 dinar note from circulation. Since most Kurds hold their savings in huge wads of 25 denomination notes, the effect was to wipe out the value of most people's savings at a stroke. In all these manoeuvres. President Saddam's strategy is simple: nibble, nibble, while the West's back is turned and when he is sure we're not looking: pounce.

The American jets enforcing the no-fly zone over northern lraq are all that stand in the way of President Saddam's tanks and helicopter ganships. The Kurds have been betraved so often that their favourite saying is that they have no friends but the mountains. So they do not entirely trust anyone. But just now. Kurdistan must be one of the rare places in the world where people smile and point when they see American

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jets thundering overhead. The living in tents in the plains; West got something right here, and the village people crowd around Mistair to tell him so.

Technically, Kurdistan is not a state, just the three northern governorates of the state of Iraq. Kurdistan flies no flag, no nation al anthem is played, when parliament convenes, though there is a parliament and the rudiments of a police force, an army and a local administration. Real power remains in the hands of the parties and the peace-time warlords who command the peshmergas with their Kalashnikovs.

Kurdish politicians and international aid workers play along with the official fiction that the territorial integrity of Iraq has been maintained. But in reality. Kurdistan is an unprecedented experiment in international law: it is the first attempt to create an internationally protected enclave within a sovereign state in order to protect a people threatened with genocide by their own nominal rulers. If we get the principle right in Kurdistan, we might be able to get it right in Bosnia on behalf of the Muslims. The problem is that we haven't got it right in Kurdistan. We have helped the people back on their feet, but we have left them in a dangerous political limbo.

On the wild and beautiful mountain road from Dohuk to Barzani, you pass village after village, flattened by the Iraqi army during the 1980s, now rebuilt with the help of Swiss, German, Dutch and French charities. You see village dispensaries treating village children for typhoid, sca-hies and dysentery. The village doctors even tell you they have got most of the infectious disease under control, thanks to UN-ICEF, UNHCR and Médecins sans Frontières.

Villagers are returning to the 4,500 villages which Iraqis razed, dynamited and gassed during the 1980s. Most people are no longer breeze-block houses, with sheet metal outdoor, toilets are rising up the steep hillsides. The turbaned shepherds are returning to the upland meadows with their flocks. The marshlands are being turned into rice paddies; the huge plains are sown with wheat. A beautiful country is slowly coming awake from 20 years of terror and destruction. Squatter families have run their washing lines up

over President Saddam's palaces,

barracks and prisons.

But the fear that he will return is everywhere. At one of the new Kurdish television stations in Erbil, a local actor does a perfect imitation of the great dictator's television addresses, using a Spit-ting Image rubber mask. But when I ask him to take off the mask and let me take a picture he shyly demurs, for fear that someone will mark him down for trouble if President Saddam ever comes back. When I talk to the head of the security in Erbil, he takes me out of town into the middle of a field of ripening wheat. In town, a crowd might gather; in his own office, somebody might be listening.

It is not just Iraq who is trying to snuff out the Kurdish experiment. Iranians are also having a nibble. On Kurdistan's eastern border, the Iranians have been shelling Kurdish villages and strafing peshmerga bases with bombs. In one base, near Qandil, three kilometres from the Iranian border, I saw the shell cases of 29 American-made cluster bombs, dropped on the base by Iranian Mirages in March, killing four people and damaging the base

Kurdistan needs our help because none of its neighbours — Turkey, Iran, Iraq and Syria -want it to survive. All of them fear what a free Kurdistan will mean to their own indigenous Kurds. It is already a base and a beacon to the 25 million Kurds in

the region.
What the Kurds desperately need from Washington and London is a cast-iron guarantee of security: a commitment that, no matter what, the overflights will continue. Beyond that, President Saddam must be required to end the economic blockade of Kurdistan, so that it can begin importing Iraqi oil to get its economy on its

Iraqi assets frozen abroad could be used to fund a temporary coupon currency which would free the Kurds from President Saddam's manipulation of the dinar. He could be told that if his agents or army enter the enclave zone, there will be retaliatory air strikes. The Iranians could be told the same message.

Instead of demonstrating our commitment, we seem to be disengaging. The U.N. is withdrawing its armed guards for relief operations and has announced that the U.N. fund for aid to Kurdistan is drastically undersubscribed. Kurdistan's roads, bridges, schools cry out to be rebuilt, but already the big western aid caravan is moving on to other destinations. Saddam Hussein watches all of this and waits for us to turn our backs.

Something absolutely vital is at stake in Kurdistan. We have taken a people under our protection, and as more states disintegrate or turn into cannibals, feed-ing on the flesh of their own, we will have to take more peoples under the protection of western air power and humanitarian aid. But in Kurdistan, we have left them in a limbo, hanging on year by year, for the renewal of the aid and the overflights.

A Kurdish state is on the agenda for the day after tomorrow. when Saddam Hussein is gone. Till then, they deserve to know that we will stay the course, that they will never find themselves bitterly saying, "Goodbye, Mis-tair" — The Observer.

## Have no illusions, U.S. remains committed to Israel

By G.H. Jansen

WHILE America's policy towards many parts of the world - Western Europe or the Balkans -- is uncertain or changeable, its policy towards the Middle East has been laid out in clear, hard terms in a speech given by Martin Indyk in Washington on May 18.

And who might Martin In-

dyk be? He is the person appointed by President Bill linton to be in charge of the Middle East on the National Security Council (NSC). An Australian, he went to the U.S. in 1992 to work as deputy research director at the American-Israel Public Affairs Committee, the best-known and most influential lobby in the U.S., run by pro-Israel American Jewish Zionists. After some time as "an institutionally identified partisan of Israel." he became executive director of the Washington Institute for Near East Affairs. an ostensibly less partisan, because better camouflaged. Zionist think tank founded and funded and, for the most part, run by American Jewish Zion-

Mr. Indyk was granted a U.S. passport two weeks before he joined the NSC, which advises the president on foreign affairs. he was appointed after the Zionist lobby complained that Jews in the Clinton entourage were liberals and not as friendly to Israel as AIPAC would like.

According to Jewish sources in "The Jewish Week" magazine in Washington, Mr. Indyk said recently that "the U.S. should not be evenhanded as it mediates the current Middle East peace process," but should instead work to persuade the Palestinians to accept Israel's position. Little wonder that when the U.S. presented a position paper at the end of the latest, ninth round of Israel-Palestinian bilateral talks in Washington, the Palestinians found that it contained not merely Israeli ideas but actual Israeli wording because it had been framed jointly by the U.S. and Israel and without prior consultation with he Palestinian delegation

That a person with Mr. Indyk's open and pro-Israel credentials should be put directly in charge of America's relations with the Middle East makes absolutely clear that the U.S. is no neutral go-between between Israel and the Arabs.

Mr. Indyk's policy speech, delivered to his Institute for Near East Policy, began with the basics: "America's friends in the Middle Eastern area were Israel, Egypt, Saudi Arabia and Turkey. U.S. objectives were: to promote democracy, protect U.S. business interests and the U.S. national interest against threats from radical regimes; "to stem the flow of weapons of mass destruction" (but not to eliminate such weapons already in the area such as Israel's 200 nuclear bombs); and achieve a real and comprehensive regional

The U.S. national interests were said to be the free flow of Middle Eastern oil at reasonable prices; friendship with Arab states prepared to be friendly with the U.S.; "an abiding interest in the security and survival of Israel" (no ex-planation of how and why this

is an American national interest) and regional peace

The enemies of the U.S. in the area are Iraq (no reasons given but taken for granted) and Iran for five reasons: it sponsors terrorism and assassination across the globe; through Hamas and Hizbollah process; it is trying to subvert friendly governments, trying to dominate the Gulf and to the subvert dominate the Gulf and the subvert dominate quire nuclear weapons.

Therefore Iran and Iraq both have to be contained in a "double containment" and not, as before, played-off against each other (as in the restricting the military ambitions of both." The emerging threat of Islamic extremism must also be contained.

If the U.S. — if necessary by force — were to make Iraq comply with all U.N. resolutions Iraq would no longer be a threat to its neighbourhood" (no longer to its "neighbours" only — as this would exclude Israel). The U.S. already backs the Iraqi opposition group, the Iraq National Council, and allies must be encouraged to

Overthrowing President Saddam Hussein is no longer enough: compliance with U.N. resolutions must come from a successor Iraqi regimes. No "do we seek or expect a recon-illiation with the Saddam Husciliation with the Saddam Hussein regime" because it is "a criminal regime, beyond the pale of international society, and, in our judgement,

irredeemable. Attempts by Iran and Iraq to 'rebuild their arsenals," particularly in the nuclear and ballistic fields, should be blocked. Iran is just as much, if not a greater, danger as Iraq because it is not constrained by U.N.

resolutions. Therefore, "we will not normalise relations with Iran until and unless Iran's policies change across the board." Without "dramatic changes in Iran's behaviour the U.S. and its allies should not "ease Iran's economic ∾ntuation.'

The few grains of comfort that the Arabs could gain from towards the area are to be found in evidence of Mr. Indyk's illusions or his ignorance.
Thus he is clearly indulging in wishful thinking when he elevates Turkey to the position of an important regional asset. And he is wholly misinformed when he said "the coalition that found Saddam Hussein remains together" when, in fact, it is in pieces.

Why does Mr. Indyk pursue Iran and Iraq with such special hostility? Because they are the only two governments in the area that remain antagonistic to Israel and are also not prepared to be meek and humble and obedient to the One World Power. So they have to be brought to heel. This vitally important, chill-

ing, and arrogant document with the less the Arabs to "take" in the effective of the less than the l it or leave it, like it or lump it," is a surefire prescription for more regional wars. But, nevertheless, it has one merit - its brutal frankness. There can be no excuse for the local friends of Israel like Egypt and Saudi Arabia to pretend that the Clinton administration is anything but wholly and actively pro-Israel.

# M. KAHIL

# Palestinians pay for fury of the young

By Sarah Helm

THE GOING rate for a child in Gaza yesterday was 3,000 shekels (£700). Outside Gaza City police station parents queued quietly in the dust, clutching pieces of pap-er — receipts to show they had paid the bill.

"It is expensive. It is blackmail. But I don't want to leave him in prison," said Ahmad, who has tad no work since Israel closed the occurried territories in March. Last time Hussam, his son, was accused of throwing stones at soldiers, his father got the "ransom" money back from the Israeli authorities, who refund it if no accusations are made against

the child for a year. "I won't get the money back this time," he says, wincing, "I won't be able to keep him off the streets. He is older. He is 16."

It is tough being a father in the Gaza Strip. The Israeli "ransom" for a child is supposed to be an incentive for parental discipline. Israelis often accuse Palestinian parents of "sending their children out to the front line." Some even claim Palestinian parents are partly responsible for the record child death toll this year in Gaza and West Bank, where 34 Palestinian children have been killed by Israeli gunfire since January; 12

were under the age of 13. An

18-month-old boy. Fares Al and swelling. Alleged assault by Kaduri, was shot dead in Gaza last week. But between the "discipline" of the Israeli authorities and "discipline" of Palestinian shebab - youth leaders - pa-

rents have lost all control. When the 1987 intifada broke out, parents, often torn between desire to support the uprising, and fear for the safety of their children, tried to hold their children back - only to be damned by the street and sometimes by their own offspring,

Gaza swarms so busily with chidiren that at first you don't notice the parents at all. Some stay indoors. Fouad Afana, whose daughter Suher, age 13. was shot dead by Israelis in 1988. has rarely left home since. "I want my children to be martyred for the sake of the Palestinians. I want them to fight." he says, as his 11-year-old watches.

Other parents just sit anxiously on the sidelines as the battles commence, bailing out the captured, receiving the injured, comparing notes about their offsprings' injuries and arrests, or burying the dead. Mohammad Majid, a municipality officer, says his son was beaten yesterday. He produces a scrap of paper as proof: "Cut to forehead

army." He addes: "I paid 500 shekels for him last year."

Across the road, 15 soldiers pile out of two jeeps and corner a terrified 14-year-old. Conscious of the press, they let him go. A large woman comes out, hysterically beating the youth, as if to say. "If my son must be punished,

I will do it."
On Nasser Street, cowed figures sit outside the military court. Parents again, hoping to catch sight of their children, should they appear before the military judges. Yusef Arafat, unemployed, has come to catch a glimpse of 14-year-old Hisham. They came to the house and just took him away. They said he was the one throwing a stone because he had a yellow T-shirt."

The discipling of the street is shere for the intifa-strict and the children have a benefit of Palestine. cause, which seems to give them a self-respect — a strength even that their parents have lost. Every child is "affiliated" to a political faction. Basil Al Kaduri, 16. was out throwing stones when the soldiers shot dead his 18-monthold brother, Fares, metres from

'If my father told me to stay at home I would say no," says Basil, who is studying to be a mechanic.

"He asks me to study, but if there are clashes he doesn't try to stop me. He tells me to be careful." Basil says there are dos and don'ts for the clashes. "Always use your mind. Never throw stones if you don't know the alleyways around to escape. Only go close up to fast moving vehicles, they won't have the chance to shoot. Never shout names or wear the same clothes.

The teenager says he has no hobbies except talking "politics." He has no books except banned literature on "Israeli interrogation techniques." In his family's iron-roofed shack there are no toys, no games. Just mattresses or bare concrete floor.

His father, clearly a broken man, listens quietly as the boy says: "Older people should do share for the intifada for the

Fares died in his father's arms: They were sheltering from the clashes. "When the gunshot rang out the baby looked up at me. I hugged him because I thought the noise had scared him. Then I looked down and he had vomited blood." The military commander for Gaza came round and apologised the next day. "He said he too had a baby daughter the same

#### **LETTERS**

### Bitter lessons to learn

To the Editor:

GHASSAN HUDHUD was a friend of ours and we will remember him GHASSAN HUDHUD was a friend of ours and we will remember him with smiles and in happy moments because that is the way he would have expected us to remember him. But another more tragic memory that will stay with us is the way he was unexpectedly removed from our midst. Ghassan was killed four days ago by someone who was too drunk to stop at a red light. The question that will continue to haunt us is whether our friend would have call lived if online had inspected for drunk drivers late. friend would have still lived if police had inspected for drunk drivers late

Instead of the more profitable — at least financially — rush hour inspections by the police, one car at the main intersection where our friend was killed could have meant a safer journey for Ghassan who was out to get medicine for his alling mother. It may have meant that people who do not drink — like our friend — would have been protected from people who are too irresponsible to realise that drinking and driving do not mix. Do not drink and drive should become the advice given by the police and the media and enforced by the authorities. It should be strongly enforced not only through lines, but through laws and courts that will send offenders to prison. Traffic laws should not be only a source of additional income for the treasury. We need to review our laws and amend them to make people aware that it is a criminal offence to drink and drive. So as not to waste the loss of Ghassan, let us stop this carnage. May his soul rest in peace.

Ghassan's friends

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused



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## Kinship and charisma vs. media and political platform

By Samir Shafiq Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A study on patterns of communication used during the 1989 parliamentary election campaign to reach the electorate throughout the Kingdom has revealed that personal communication had strongly affected the voting behaviour in rural and badia regions while mass media were more powerful in the urban

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The study, finalised in the summer of 1992 by Hilmi Khader Sari, assistant professor at the Department of Sociology at the University of Jordan, used quota sampling of 650 students from the 13 colleges of the university. The sample comprised 130 male and 130 female students for each of the rural and urban sectors and 65 male and 65 female students for the badia sector.

The variables of the study were mitially four but, after a pilot study was done by the researcher. the variables were reduced to two relevant ones: Sex and social sector (badia, rural and urban).

Of the 650 students, all of whom voted during the 1989 elections, 394 students, for 60.6 per cent, from the three sectors said they were "always" following up on the election campaign.

The number of those who 'sometimes" followed up on the campaign was 181, or 27.8 per cent, while those who "rarely did, numbered 75, or 11.5 per

The reasons and motives behind following up on the election campaign greatly varied between the urban sector on the one hand and the rural and badia sectors on the other, although a total of 338 students said their motives were purely informational.

The badia students came first when 72 of them (55.4 per cent) said their interest in the election campaign was for "kinship" motives as they were eager to know news about their relatives' candidate. Eighty four rural students (32.3 per cent) gave the same reason while only 37 urban students, or 14.3 per cent, said

"kinship" was their motive. Friendship as a motive was the least important factor to have influenced the 650-student sample as "friendship" was the reason for 31 students in the urban sector (11.9 per cent), 25 students in the rural sector (9.6 per cent) and six students in the badia areas (4.6 per cent).

Overall, the "information" or general knowledge motive attracted 338 students (161 males and 177 females) and accounted for 52.0 per cent of the total. The "kinship" motive attracted

193 students (117 males and 76 females) and accounted for 29.7 per cent. The "friendship" motive affected 62 students (27 males and 35 females) or 9.5 per cent. Fifty seven students, or 8.8 per cent said they were motivated by more than one of the reason

The second stage of the study covered the reasons that influenced voters to select a particular electoral district. Badia students were not really free to choose a particular district as they were restricted to voting in one of the three badia districts only (the place of residence).

As such, the total number of those who chose a specific district for residence reason was 328, or 50.5 per cent, while those whose reason was linked to the candidate himself, for personal considerations, numbered 171, or 26.3 per cent. The students who marked both reasons totalled 151, or 23.2 per cent.

In the urban sector, the number of students who had the "residence" as reason was 117, almost equally divided between males and females. However, those who chose the constituency

for registering to vote at that and badia regions. specific location numbered only In urban areas 78 students (41 males and 37. females), 65 students marked both "residence" and "candidate" as being factors for voting

in a specific centre.

Rural women chose their voting centre more for "residence" considerations. Fifty three (40.8 per cent) female students marked this item, compared to 38 male students (29.2 per cent). Most rural men had the "candidate" as the reason for selecting their voting centres since 49 students (37.7

per cent) cited that preference. A total of 80 students (43 males and 37 females) from rural regions cited both "residence" and 'candidate' as having affected their choice for a specific voting

The third part of the study analysed the effects of various types of mass media used by the candidates to influence voters' behaviour and the attitude of public opinion during elections.

Dr. Sari found that out of many methods, except for radio and television, the "election programme" topped the list of mass media channels in influencing to a great extent the badia regions. Eighty two students (42 males and 40 females), or 63 per cent, indicated being persuaded by this

The election programme was also an important factor in rural areas but to a lesser extent than the badia regions because those who were influenced by the election programme totalled 108 rural students, or 41.5 per cent. Out of the 108 total, 63 were females and only 45 were males.

In urban areas, the number was even less as personal communication affected the choice of 92 students (51 women and 41 men) or 35.3 per cent.

Daily newspapers ranked in second place in terms of their power to influence electorates, but their effect was greater in urban areas, followed by the rural

In urban areas, newspapers mainly formulated the decisions of 76 students (44 females and 32 males) or 29.2 per cent while in rural areas the numbers were 75, or 28.8 per cent, almost equally divided between men and

The badia regions were the least affected by newspaper ads noticeable at 23.8 per cent. The males and 10 females.

Overall, the number of students who were influenced by newspapers totalled 182 students, or 28 per cent of the total. Personal communication or election programmes attracted an overall 282 students, or 43.3 per cent of the total.

Signs spread across streets were in third place as to their impact on voters' decisions. Students who ranked signs as the third influence numbered 100, accounting for 15.4 per cent of the total.

Of the 100 students, 46 (22 males and 24 females) were from urban areas, 42 (26 males and 16 females) came from rural areas and the rest (12 females and two males) were from the badia re-

Leaflets attracted 9.1 per cent of the voters or 59 of the 650student sample.

This form of promotion was not marked by any male from the badia but, three badia women cited leaflets as being the fourth influence in their voting decision. Leaflets had the biggest impact in urban regions where 25 men

the urban total) were influenced by them. Twenty rural students (11 males and nine females), or 7.6 per cent of the rural total, also

and 11 women (13.8 per cent of

ranked leaflets in fourth place. The least effective method in the campaign was found by Dr. Sari to be the promotion through

females and 16 males).

(11 men and four women) students and two females from the badia said posters were least

The fourth stage of the study was measuring various types of personal communication on the attitude of the voters. The coverage, which included group discussions because it allowed for a "feedback" between the electorate and the candidate, comprised also the effect of reference groups such as parents, relatives, friends and family or village not-

Overall, out of the 650-student sample, 215 or 33 per cent (107 males and 108 females), 161 or 24.7 per cent (75 males and 86 females), and 100 or 16.9 per cent (69 males and 41 females), said they were influenced by their parents, relatives and group discussions respectively. Those who reanked family or village notables and friends in fourth and fifth place were respectively 108 students or 16.6 per cent (51 males and 57 females), and 56 students or 8.6 per cent (23 males and 33

The parents tipped the scale in the badia regions; 62 students, 35 of whom females, accounting for 7.7 per cent, adopted the view of their mothers or fathers.

Relatives came as a second influence for badia students but sharply down at 29.2 per cent, or 38 students; followed by family or tribe notables at 12.3 per cent or 16 students. Group discussions were mentioned by 11 students (8.4 per cent) and friends by only three (2.3 per cent).

Rural students ranked parents, relatives and notables for the first three effects at 30.7 per cent, 30 per cent and 20 per cent respectively. The number of the students was respectively 80, of whom 46 were males, 78 equally split between both sexes and 52 students, mostly women (36

Group discussions and friends'

**Parents** Relatives Group discussion Family/Village notables Friends Newspaper advertisements Leaflets Total

A breakdown by sex revealed the overall following results.

Influence	Males	%	Females	%
Parents	107	32.9	137	42.1
Relatives	58	17.8	67	20.6
Group discussion	60	18.5	32	9.8
Notables	37	14.2	31	9.5
Election programme	29	8.9	28	8.6
Friends	16	4.9	16	4.9
Advertisements	15	4.6	10	3.1
Signs	3	0.9	1	0.3
Leaflets	_	_	3	0.9
Posters	_			_

influence were at the bottom of analysed and compared both patthe scale at 10.4 per cent (22 males and five females) and 8.9 per cent (seven males and 16

Parents had the highest influence on urban students followed by group discussions and family notables as the rating was respec-tively 28.7 per cent (34 males and 39 females), 27.7 per cent (38 males and 34 females) and 15.3 per cent (25 males and 15

Relatives were cited as having had the fourth effect and friends the fifth effect for, respectively, 17.3 per cent (19 males and 26 females) and 11.5 per cent (14 males and 10 females). Having separately examined

the mass media and personal communication effects on the electorate. Dr. Sari combined.

terms revealing the following overall results: The "parents" factor was high-

est in the badia sector of 47.7per cent (25 males and 37 females) followed by relatives and not-ables at 24.6 per cent (15 males and 17 females) and 10 per cent (9 males and 4 females) respec-Group discussions in the badia

sector ranked fourth at 9.2 per cent (15 males and two females) while "friends" came in fifth place at 3.1 per cent. Mass media trailed the list with

only two elements: election programme, 3.1 per cent, and newspaper ads 2.3 per cent (2 males and one female). Signs, leaflets and posters were

not cited by any of the badia

"Parents" also topped the list of influences in the rural sector registering 37.3 per cent (46 males and 51 females). Relatives and group discussions were respectively next, at 19.2 per cent (23 males and 27 females) and 13.8 per cent (23 males and 13

"Notables" recorded 13.1 per cent (16 males and 18 females) or the rural list ahead of "friends" who stood at 5.7 per cent.

The influence of mass media was slightly better in the rural sector than in the badia register ing 6.1 per cent (10 males and 6 females) for election programme and 3.5 per cent (6 males and 3 females) for newspaper advertise-

Leaflets and signs were of negligible influence at 0.7 per cent and 0.4 per cent respectively.

Mass media had its highest influence in the urban sector where the election programme lead with 14.2 per cent followed at five per cent, by newspaper ads then signs and leaflets at 1.1 per cent and 0.4 per cent respective

None of the urban students marked posters as having had any influence at all. The strength of mass media in

the urban sector should not be misunderstood because personal communication still had higher influence, though, much less than in the badia or rural sectors. "Parents" influenced 32.7 pe

cent of the urban sample or 36 males and 49 females. Group discussions ranked in second place at 16.9 per cent (27 males and 17 females) followed by "relatives" for which 20 males and 23 females attributed their voting choice. "Family notables" influence

fell in the urban sector to 8.1 per cent, having been marked only by 12 males and nine females. "Friends" accounted for five

per cent, males numbered nine compared to only four females.

#### WORLD ENVIRONMENT DAY

## Survival and environment are inseperable

By William H. Draper

Years of experience have taught us that the struggle for survival and environmental protection are inseparable. This important connection has not been lost on developing countries where poverty forces people to overexploit their natural resources forests, fisheries and minerals.

Recognising the crucial link between poverty and the environment, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) has supported countless developing country governments, community groups and nongovernmental organisations NGOs) in their efforts to belp the world's poor develop more sustainable livelihoods that better protect the environment.

In Mali, previously unem

ployed university graduates received training, equipment and credit to establish a waste disposal business in the capital city, Bamako. The business has prospered and currently provides garpage removal services for 18,000 residents. In Rajasthan, India, 500 village women have been encouraged to plant and harvest mulberry trees. The trees provide natural fencing and help to anchor the soil against erosion, while also providing the women with income. In Rwanda, concern about a lack of food and cultivatable land prompted women from the Busoro Nutritional Centre to secure financial support to drain marshland so they could create a fruit and fuelwood tree nursery. The nursery has helped to re-forest the hills of the region and provide new sources of food and income for the women.

Over the last decade, there has been a dramatic increase in grassroots development efforts worldwide. Today, NGO activities are reported to benefit 250 million people, compared with fewer n 100 million in early 1980. The advantages of this kind of munity-based participation are thear. But there are limits as to how much can be accomplished through such action. Of the 13 billion people who live in absolute poverty in developing countries, not even 20 per cent have benefitted from NGO-in-

On this World Environment Day: UNDP feels it is important to underscore once again that concern for the global environment must also reflect a concern for global poverty. Struggling daily with malnutrition, illiteracy

and disease, the poor live shorter lives, lose their children to illnesses that barely exist in industrialised countries, and are forced to perpetuate their poverty by depleting the natural resources on which their and their children's future depends - simply to sur-

For more than 40 years, UNDP, through its worldwide network of 124 country offices, has committed itself to improving the living conditions of the world's poor by encouraging the participation of people to ensure the sustainability of all develop-ment efforts. Working under the mandate bestowed on it last year by the international community at the Earth Summit. UNDP has diligently sought to mainstream environmental concerns into all economic development efforts.

Through its capacity 21 Programme, UNDP is assisting developing countries in building up their capacity to plan and manage environmental programmes which support sustainable development. Through the Local Initiative Facility for Urban Environment (LIFE), UNDP is helping municipal governments and community groups at the local and regional levels mobilise resources to stem increasing environmental degradation in urban areas. LIFE's capacity-building philosophy is similar to UNDP's Africa 2000 Network and the Asia Pacific 2000 initiative, which provide small grants for NGO-run sustainable development projects. Through the United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM), special support has been provided for poor women, whose role as the main providers of food, fuel and water makes them among the first to suffer when land is degraded, trees disappear and water supplies are polluted.

Last year's Earth Summit laid the groundwork for a worldwide coalition to work towards the elimination of poverty in the name of the environment. Now, more than ever before, it is clear that no global plan to safeguard the planet can hope to be realistic unless it strives to meet the needs and concerns of the poor people living in developing countries. Let us remember that simple fact on this World Environment Day. as we rededicate ourselves to the important goals set forth at Rio

de Janeiro.

## An economic spectre returns to haunt Clinton

## bank to act soon

**STAGFLATION** 

By Alver Carlson

WASHINGTON — A spectre is returning to haunt President Bill Clinton — stagflation, an economic terror that struck at the heart of his Democratic predecessor. Analysts see stagflation as an administration-destroying com-

increasing inflation. The last Democrat in the White House, Jimmy Carter, battled these twin evils but in the end was overpowered - a lesson recalled by some of Mr. Clinton's more seasoned policymakers.

bination of snail-like growth and

Inflation worries have surfaced in recent weeks, while the U.S. economy is barely making any headway as evidenced by last week's release of the revised gross domestic product for the first quarter showing a tepid 0.9 per cent annual rise. "We're talking about moderate

stagflation, not the sort that hit the country in the late 1970s, but it is becoming a concern," said David Jones of Aubrey G. Lanston and Co. Inc. Even at moderate levels,

however, the problem can be insidious, impairing the ability of the Federal Reserve to conduct a balanced monetary policy and companies to plan ahead.

The Fed is reportedly leaning towards tightening monetary policy to combat worries about inflation and the falling dollar but analysts don't expect the central

In part, this is because increas-

ing interest rates can lead to an economic slowdown, a prospect that neither the Fed nor the administration is hardly thrilled about considering the already slow pace of the recovery. analysts said. Underlying all this, of course,

is the economic package being pressed by the administration. which managed after a Herculean political effort by Mr. Clinton to achieve passage in the House

Mr. Clinton must now bang on the door of the Senate, where the package of tax increases and spending cuts is likely to find less of a welcome.

The administration's close call in the house, however, suggests just how much trouble Mr. Clinton is having learning the ways of

tion that is causing some disarray in currency markets, analysts This has caused, according to

some analysts, a decision by investors to back away from the dollar, leading to a sharp plunge in its value and largely unsuccessful attempts by treasury officials or the Fed to stem the flow. There is speculation that a dis-

agreement exists among those in the administration that would like to see a lower dollar because it helps make United States goods more competitive overseas and those who worry that it will add to inflation by making foreign goods more expensive here.

Treasury Under Secretary Lawrence Summers went public twice last week on the currency turmoil, saying the United States

appreciate further.

He was joined Friday by Commerce Secretary Ron Brown. who said there is no administration policy to push the yen high-

But those who believe that the

administration wants a lower dollar, point to last week's unveiling of the semi-annual report on exchange rate policy which they say seems to provide that impression. The moves on the dollar are plitically-driven," says one

But while a version of stagflation may be in the works, it is a much tamer animal than the one that stalked the Carter adminis-

The Georgia peanut farmer suffered under the second oil shock in 1979 that sent prices

Washington and it is this percepdid not want to see the yen skyward and at times reduced supplies to a trickle - adding to inflation and shutting down western economies.

The current situation is far less serious but in some ways more complex. The U.S. economy and those of its trading partners are in different cycles with the American expansion, tepid though it is, outpacing Europe and Japan.

For its part, the United States is hoping for stronger economies overseas so that demand for its goods will increase, reducing its huge trade deficit with its trading partners, especially Japan.

As the administration learns its way and works to get its economic package through Congress, the last thing it needs is to have the U.S. economy revisited by a form of staglation or even fears that it is returning, analysts said.

#### CARS FOR SALE

An international organisation has for sale 10 cars customs not paid - to the highest bidder. Specifications are as stated below.

Those interested to see the cars are requested to contact Dolphine Co., at the Amman Customs Department on tel.: No. 755285. Bidders should send their offers not later than 12:00 noon Monday 14. 6. 93 in a sealed envelope marked "cars for sale" to the following address:

P.O.Box 17101, Amman-Jordan Sealed envelopes will be opened at 1:00 p.m. on

14. 6. 93. For further information please call 691261/2. 1) Nissan Patrol 1991, 4WD, A/C, R/C/, 6

cylinder, 93,586 KMS, very good condition.

Base price JD 10,000 2) Nissan Patrol 1991, 4WD, A/C, R/C/, 6 cylinder, 65,208 KMS, very good condition

Base price JD 11,000 3) Volvo Station Wagon 1991 A/C, R/C/. 4 cylinder, 23, 133 KMS, very good condition.

Base price JD 10,000 Land Rover 1990, 4WD, RHD, diesel 12, 612 kms, needs maintenance. Base price JD 5,000/-

5) Suzuki Samurai JX 1990, 4WD, 4 cylinder, 25,938 KMS, needs maintenance. Base price JD 3,000

Base price JD 2,500

Base price JD 1,750

6) Nissan Patrol 1991, 25,749 KMS, bad con-Base price JD 1,750 7) Nissan Patrol 1991, 8,491 KMS, bad condi-

8) Nissan Patrol 1991, 32,532 KMS, bad con-Base price JD 2,500 9) Nissan Patrol 1991, 8,946 KMS, bad condi-Base price JD 1,750

10) Nissan Patrol 1991, 31,225 KMS, bad con-

The National Music Conservatory / Noor Al Hussein Foundation The French Cultural Centre present Ticket Price: 3D 5 Philadelphia, Tel., 653100

The National Music Conservatory Noor Al Hussein Foundation



The British Council







WISSAM BOUSTANY

WISSAM BOUSTANY, flute RUSSEL LOMAS, piano

In concert

Sunday, 6 June 1993 - 8:00 p.m The Royal Cultural Centre - Main Theatre

Tickets for JD 7 at: The Royal Cultural Centre, Tel. 689026 Philadelphia Hotel, Tel. 663100 American University of Beirut Alumut Club In Jordan, Tel. 641325

The British Council, Tel. 636147 The National Music Conservatory, Tel. 687620

# Rouble drops to 1,072 against dollar

MOSCOW (R) — The ailing rouble held its ground against the dollar Friday, trading at 1,072 roubles per dollar on the Moscow Interbank Currency Exchange.

"It was the first time this year that supply of dollars had exceeded demand, said exchange spokesman Yuri Shchegolkov. 'It is the first positive sign of our new trading tactics."

The exchange, which gives more than 60 banks a chance to buy and sell dollars for roubles. switched to daily currency trading sessions this week. It previously traded the dollar twice a week and the German mark once a

Mr. Shchegolkov said \$28.56 million changed hands Friday, down from \$55.5 million Thursday. Initial demand was for \$27.43 million, while banks offered to sell \$28.66 million.

The rouble, under pressure all year from fears that the government and central bank are not doing enough to control inflation. is still trading at a record low

rgainst the dollar.

The currency had fallen at 19 consecutive trading sessions before steadying Friday. It traded at 415 to the dollar in December

OECD

ministers

economy

to ignore

too big

say Chinese

PARIS (R) - The Organisation

Development (OECD) cannot

afford to ignore the increasing

importance of China's economy,

ministers from the industrialised

nations' economic think-tank said

undertake work on China. As an

economic organisation the

OECD cannot afford to ignore

Maurice McTigue, New Zea-

land's labour minister, said at the

OECD's annual ministerial meet-

His comments were echoed by

several other speakers who

pointed to the international

Monetary Fund's recent ranking

of China as the world's third

Finnish and Dutch ministers

went a stage further. Both advo-

cated establishing "a dialogue"

between the OECD and Beijing.

which last week decided to grant

China favourable trade status in

"I don't see where we have an

interest developing a very close

institutional relationship at this

time," said a U.S. diplomat, who

He said that the OECD should

But the U.S. governemnt

try to understand better such

major player in the world eco-

1994, was less welcoming.

declined to be named.

wanted to go no further.

However, the United States,

i economy

such an economic giant,

"We support the proposal to

Interfax News Agency Friday quoted central bank chairman

Viktor Gerashchenko as saying that central bank sales accounted for 46 per cent of sales on the exchange in April and May. He said central bank currency

reserves currently totalled about \$1 billion, up from around \$100 million last year. Russian Finance Minister Boris

Fyodorov complained this week that the central bank had been building up reserves and acquiring gold and hard currency rather than spending cash to support the rouble on the currency market.

The rouble is legal tender in Russia and a handful of other former Soviet republics. It is not freely convertible on world mar-

Meanwhile. Russia has taken new steps to rein in soaring inflation, promising to freeze central and local spending from July I and telling authorities not to do anything which could endanger 1993's budget plans.

The council of ministers must, within two weeks, introduce proposals to repeal all decisions taken in 1993... which lead to growth in budgetary expendi-

ture." said a decree from President Boris Yeltsin reported by his press service.

But at the same time a government meeting pledged to spend two trillion roubles (about \$2 billion) and \$3 billion in hard currency in the next three years to help convert Russia's vast military-industrial complex for civilian use.

The meeting postponed discussion for two weeks on a proposal to raise coal prices sharply soon and on a second, apparently contradictory suggestion to bring in new price controls, Interfax News Agency said.

Reformers in the Russian government, led by Mr. Fyodorov, want budgetary spending slashed to fulfil its share of a deal with the central bank aimed at bringing monthly inflation below five per cent by the end of 1993.

"Our financial policy has been very strict," Mr. Fyodorov told foreign reporters Wednesday There is not a single ministry in Russia ready to say a good word about the finance ministry right

Russian inflation was more than 2,600 per cent last year, and consumer prices rose 17 per cent But other ministers in Mr.

Yeltsin's government want to in certain spheres, such as ener-

Russia launched its economic reforms in January last year, lifting most of the price controls it inherited from the former Soviet Union and then moving to sell off state owned firms in a vast privatisation campaign.

But wrangling between minis-ters and the central bank and fierce debate within the government itself have thrown a question mark over the speed of the country's move towards a free The contradictory proposals on

the table at the government meeting wree mirrored by similar apparent contradictions in Mr. Yeltsin's decree, which said "socially important" expenditure would be indexed to cope with rising prices and spending not included in the 1993 budget could be implemented from August.

It was not clear from the decree how the government could declare a moratorium on higher falling for years in a sector spending at the same time as starved of investment and modallowing some expenditure to

The economic reforms led to a sharp decline in industrial prokeep subsidies and price controls duction last year, and Energy Minister Yuri Shafranik was quoted Thursday as saying that the oil sector barely had enough cash to pay salaries, let alone

carry out new surveys He told the weekly Moscow News that oil output would continue to decline next year, but it could start no rise in 1995 if Russia's financial system improved and economic reforms vere conducted properly.

"Next year will still show a minus, but 1995 could see a rise. Mr. Shafranik said, "But if debts to our producers are still counted in trillions of roubles, we will not be able to see an increase even in

Russia, which depends on oil exports for essential hard currency earnings, plans to produce 350 million tonnes (seven million barrels per day) of oil and gas condensates this year, down from almost 400 million (eight million

barrels per day) in 1992. Russian oil output has been

## West adopts strategy for growth, jobs Improving the outlook required higher sustained growth

age" current national and international initiatives to foster recovery and jobs. They offered no novel prescrip-

tions for bringing the jobless back to work, reiterating well-known concepts including labour flexibility, active labour market policies and better education and training But they were looking to fresh

recommendations when the OECD completes a study of the causes and possible cures for unemployment next year. The ministers also discussed at

length the future role of the OECD in a changing and increasingly interdependent world. They made a first step towards

a widening of the organisation's nembership by giving go-ahead ir talks with Mexico on "terms and conditions" for its early entry

## Power shortfalls hamper Indian economic takeoff

power crunch is threatening to short-circuit India's economic reforms prompting dire warnings from Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and Finance Minister Manmohan Singh, the architect of the ambitious package.

"If we fail to take corrective action, we will begin a process of decline which would be difficult to reverse," Mr. Singh recently told state power ministers.

A Europen Community report estimated that demand for electricity is growing annually by 12 per cent outstripping the eight per cent hike in supply.

To raise output the Indian government has opened up the power sector to domestic and foreign private firms and dangled incentives such as a five-year tax holiday and an assured return on

Of the additional 35,140 megawatts of electricity to be generated during 1992-97, the government will count on the private sector for some 6,000 megawatts.

The situation in the Indian capital, where residents consume nearly three times more electricity on average than the rest of India, is better than in much of the country:

Some 100,000 industrial units in and around New Delhi have been badly hit recently by long power cuts and low voltage following a shortfall caused by \$833 million in back dues owed by the power board to a thermal plant. According to a regional cham-

ber of commerce, about 80,000 industries have had to cut production by as much as 25 per cent since early April because of the power crunch. "Electricity goes off without

warning for four to five hours every day," complained a manufacturer of electronic goods. "We have to rearrange shifts to

suit the 'load shedding' schedules. Our profits are lower but production costs are up," he said. The burning summer months:

are marked by lean power generation as falling water levels affect the output of India's numerous hydro-electricity plants and the demand for electricity shoots up.

But the power situation has been aggravated this year by the tussle between the Delhi State Electricity Undertaking (DESU). which like most state power

NEW DELHI (Agencies) - A boards is chronically in the red, on uninterrupted power. and the Badarpur thermal power

Badarpur officials have threatened DESU with a cut-off of power unless the board paid the arrears. They said they need the money to purchase coal and other inputs to run their own plant, and reduced supply by a

On April 7. DESU paid the power station a mere \$6.7 million after the warning. In the last financial year 1992-93 which ended in March it had cleared a total of \$333 million.

DESU argues that its hands are strapped as its subsidised power tariffs are insufficient to meet

DESU General Manager Ashok Pradhan, and his counterparts elsewhere in India, have proposed hiking power rates but were fobbed off by Power Minister N.K.P. Salve who pulled up electricity boards for their poor performance.

At a conference in western Nagpu City, Mr. Salve said "poor work culture and colossal inefficiency" were to blame for the heavy losses run up by electricity boards. Raising tariffs was a "soft option" he rejected.

Mr. Salve suggested that DE-SU's distribution network should be privatised to ensure smoother supply. Industry estimates that about 19 per cent power is lost in transmission. DESU has announced that in-

dustries could not be run between 6.30 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. and banned the use of air conditioners during the peak hours. It also forbade neon lights in advertiseme.it hoardings.

Some 20 per cent of the 2,500 factories in Okhla, an industrial area skirting Delhi, have switched over to the manufacture of goods which are less dependent

Added to this are inflated bills. various surcharges and illegal connections obtained with the connivance of officials. Meanwhile India's exports are

MOTION AND SOLVE

picking up after last year's weak. performance, but restrictions on imports of consumer goods will remain until the balance of payments improves, a trade official said Friday. Indian exports to hard currency

countries in March jumped 14 per cent from March 1992. Com-merce Minister A.V. Ganesan said in an interview. Exports in April and May, the

first two months of the 1993/94 fiscal year, had also been good, he added without providing fi-

India aimed to reach 15 per cent growth in exports to hard currency areas — countries outside the former East Bloc - in 1993/94, he said.

India's total exports grew by 3.6 per cent in 1992/93, primarily because of a collapse in India's rupee trade with the former Soviet Bloc.

India announced changes in its export-import policy on March 31, offering concessions to agricultural exporters and the services sector. It also removed 144

items from a so-called "negative

list" of products banned for ex-

The ultimate aim of the Indian government was to see that the negative list of exports contained only those items which concerned environment and safety, Mr Ganesan said.

Consumer goods would be kept on the negative list of imports due to India's difficult balance of payments position, he said. "Maybe over the next couple

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c. years we will be able to prune the negative list of consumer

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY JUNE 5, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: In but tonight brings a happy accord the midst of many surface problems there is a definite foward

gain your short term ends. Focus your energies and desires. Don't take any dangerous risks. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) The daytime finds secret worries keeping you from doing your best but in the evening matters clear up

movement which will enable you to

ou can have a very good TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Difficulty between a friend and a newcomer threatens to upset pre-

sent satisfactory arrangments but play for time and tonight all will be GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Think about just what you can do to avoid a confrontation between a

bigwig and an associate which could downgrade your wellbeing if it involves you. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Differences between a

stranger and one with whom you work can make daily projects nonprofitable so sidestep a quarrel and do your own thing. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Some

promise you have made conflicts with some pleasure you seek and it is necessary you fulfill an agree-ment before having that good time

outside with those who do not think as you do or trouble ensues

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Whatever you have in mind where an outside change can occur that affects your usual activities should not be considered today, then tonight brings new harmony

at surroundings. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Don't make any changes in manner in which vou han your usual activities during the daytime but tonight add charm wherever possible to your environ-

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You want to have a good time this day but wait until evening and use the daytime to get into difficulty in expressive talents,

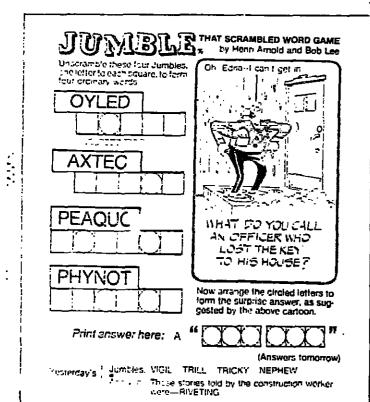
solve them. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Don't let your self control sag at home today but keep

a smile and don't react to moyances, then tonight you can visit close comrades for a wonderful time. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You find that trips and jaunts could be very disappointing

today so get into tedions reports etc., instead and tonight enjoy a hobby that means much. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Money and other practical mat-ters take up your time during the

#### VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't have dispute at home or day so get into financial conditions and tonight you find you have a feeling of wellbeing.

#### THE BETTER HALF, By Giasbergen YOU FORGOT TO KISS ME THIS HORNING SHAME "This fax came for you. It's from your wife."



#### the industrialised world." mitted themselves Thursday to a liberalisation and "further strengaccompanied by structural re-"We all recognise that growth form, and "further concerted acis necessary, but not in itself then multilateral disciplines. sufficient." to achieve a lasting with a successful conclusion to tion," the ministers said. They reduction of jobless rates, he told said they "support and encour-

PARIS (AFP) -- The Western industrial nations and Japan com-"concerted strategy" to revive global growth and fight a dramatic rise in unemployment which could affect 36 million workers in

the OECD area by year-end.
Ministers of the 24-nation Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) also pledged "intensive efforts" to free up trade and achieve a "substantial, comprehensive and balanced" outcome to the Uruguay Round of world trade negotiations by next December.

In a communique released at the end of their two-day talks, they said this would be "a very powerful contributor to bolstering confidence, growth and employment" both inside and outside the OECD. Australia's Treasurer John

PORT LOUIS (R) - While its

African neighbours and Western

customers survey long lines of

unemployed, the Indian Ocean

island of Mauritius is busily im-

porting labour to cash in on its

export-based "economic mira-

Foreign workers in its export

processing zone, which turns im-

ported textiles into knitwear and

garments for overseas sale, could

account for 10 per cent of the

total work force in 15 months

time, a manufacturers leader has

Mario Jullienne told school

leavers that despite initial hostil-

ity to the idea of importing work-

news conference. The communique, calling for 'additional' action to improve both economic and structural policies and expand international cooperation, said the ministers were committed to a concerted

most serious problem confronting

strategy for growth and employment based on three main planks. Firstly, it said, monetary and fiscal policies "will exploit the opportunities that may exist" for lowering interest rates and/or stimulating growth "without igopardising the objectives of price stability and medium term budget

consolidation. Secondly, structural reform olicies, "including labour market policies," will aim for "vigor-Dawkins, who chaired the twoous, competitive and efficient" day annual OECD council meetdevelopment of OECD econoing, said there was "a recognimices, using opportunities tion" that the current record level offered by technological progress to OECD unemployment is "the and international competition.

ers, employers in the free zone

had been quickly won over by the

performance of people from Chi-

He and Finance I inister Ram-

krishna Sithanen were briefing

the students on the island's

offshore banking, free port and

export zone, which have helped

the country shrug off the worst

effects of recession and maintain

that have helped give Mauritius

economic growth rates of around

six per cent over the past decade

which have raised average yearly

income from around \$1,000 to

Foreigners work in enterprises

na. India and Sri Lanka.

And third, "intensive efforts" will be made to continue trade the Uruguay Round talks as the first priority.

"I believe there is a general agreement and a growing enthusiasm that we are moving in the direction of concluding the Uru-guay Round by Dec. 15," U.S. Trade Representative Mickey Kantor told reporters. Australian Trade Minister Pe-

ter Cook said OECD ministers showed a "steely determination" to achieve a successful outcome. The communique said the talks here "demonstrated that it is realistic not only to hope but to expect" that the Geneva negotia-

tions will be completed by year-

Reducing unemployment was a "central goal" of all 24-member countries, the ministers said. adding they were "deeply or cerned" that jobless were likely to decline significantly" be-fore "well into 1994."

who did not welcome more fore-

ign labour at first, have realised

the benefit it has brought to the

textile industry," Mr. Jullienne

He cited the case of one factory

where absenteeism fell from 16

per cent of the work force to 10

per cent after the arrival of non-

Mauritian workers.

the most," he said.

as a full OECD member.

Mauritius official enthuses about foreign labour "Employers in the free zone, employs around 85,000 workers. following major IMF and World of whom 4,750 are foreigne. from countries as far apart as

> and France, official figures show. The number of guest workers has grown in tandem with the economy from 2,607 in 1991, and could form 10 per cent of the total work force in one year to 15 months, officials said.

"In some factories they do too much overtime and those in The government opened the charge should force them to go doors to foreign workers to sushome. They have only one thing tain the dizzying growth of its economy, which has outpaced evin their minds - to work to earn ery other country in Africa and The export processing zone

Bank reforms in the 1980s. Foreigners are especially welcome in the textile sector, which neighbouring Madagascar and distant China, the United States complains of a shortage of labour

and accounts for 85 per cent of the output of the export zone. The government is working towards expanding the sector to include the assembly of watches. electronics and other goods to sustain the growth rates of the

past decade. Once dependent upon sugar exports and tourism, the export zone now accounts for half the island's manufacturing output and contributes close to 70 per many in the industrialised world cent of its foreign exchange.

#### **Peanuts**

full employment.



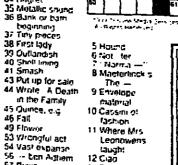
#### Andy Capp



#### Mutt'n'Jeff







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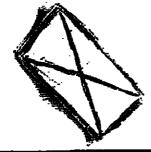
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## China arms conglomerate atec onto. id illegal with the seeks overseas mvestment

BELJING (R) — China's biggest arms manufacturer is seeking as much as \$900 million in foreign investment to expand in the civilian market, the official China Daily has said.

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The China North Industries Group (Norinco), which makes everything from machineguns and armoured vehicles to toasters and motorcycles, is looking for foreign cash to help it move into upmarket civilian machinery and to boost as car production facili-

We're confident we can attract at least \$300 million worth of foreign investment this year," Liu Tieping, deputy director

ning department. By 1993, we will have set up 200 joint ventures in a wide range of sectors," he pointed out.

Mr. Liu said the company planned to announce a total of 170 business plans for foreign investment at a ceremony in Hong Kong this month.

That package includes not only machinery projects but a wide spectrum of other civilian ones, including real estate," the China Daily said.

With its strong military connecions. Norinco is open of China's st powerful companeis and biggest arms exporters. Its annual weapons sales averaged about \$1

A large conglomerate of over 300 separate enterprises and total

fixed assets of 10 billion yuan (\$1.72 billion). Norinco is already at the forefront of China's efforts to regear lumbering military fac-tories toward civilian purposes.

Civilian goods such as machine tools, chemicals and refrigerators already account for almost twothirds of the company's sales, including a big chunk of China's motorcycle and mini-van produc-

The main thrust of Norinco's current search for overseas investment is aimed at car produc-

Mr. Liu said Norinco was now setting up a special fund to sup-port car and component manufacturing with the cooperation of a Swiss bank, a Hong Kong company and international accountants Arthur Andersen.

A separate car-making joint venture is under discussion with the U.S. Pacific Alliance Group, which would aim ultimately to have its shares listed on one of China's two fledgling stock mar-kets or on overseas bourses, he

was quoted as saying.
The China Daily said Norinco would soon sign an agreement with the German manufacturer of Neoplan cars to produce luxury limousines in China.

Another agreement is expected soon between Norinco and two Japanese companies to start annual production of 50,000 Alto sedans in central Sichuan pro-

## Japan to recycle \$120 billion of trade surplus

TOKYO (R) — Japan will adopt a five-year programme to recycle \$120 billion of its trade surplus to developing countries from this year, the Kyodo News Agency reported.

Kyodo quoted a government source sas saying the programme, to be approved by a cabinet meeting set for June 25, would be roughly twice the size of a similar one between 1987 and 1992.

The size of the latest programme reflects Tokyo's intention to put its snowballing trade surplus to good use and show a positive attitude toward helping developing nations as the host of the July summit of the Group of Seven (G-7) industrial nations.

The centrepiece will be providing \$75 billion in official development assistance (ODA) between 1993 and 1997, mainly through public funds such as loans by the Export-Import Bank of Japan, Kyodo quoted the source as

Among categories included in the programme will be about \$35 billion in loans by the govern-ment bank and \$10 billion in trade insurance.

The source said recipients eligible for the programme would include East European nations but exclude Russia because of complaints by developing nations in Asia, Latin America and Africa that donor countries excessively favour Russia.

## KLM reports \$313m loss

passengers into empty seats resulted in Dutch flag-carrier KLM reporting its second big annual loss in three years Thursday.

And, with no respite in sight, analysts believe it is heading for a

loss this year too.

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines made a loss of 562 million guilders (\$313 million) in the year to March 31, and said it would not pay a dividend. Last year it made a profit of 125 million (\$70 million) and paid a one guilder (55 cent) dividend.

"KLM's cost side is doing well and they are gaining market share, but it is simply outpaced by the low fares in economy and the shift away from business and firstclass travel," said analyst Dick van der Kloos of Brokers Amst

BERNE (R) - SMH, Switzer-

land's biggest watchmaker and

best known for its battery-

hursday reported a 64 per cent

jump in 1992 profit and said it

noped for more gains this year.

Group net profit rose to 413

million Swiss francs (\$290 mil-

ion) in 1992 from 252 million

francs (\$177 million) in 1991, with

sales up at 2.85 billion francs (\$2

billion) against 2.37 billion francs

"We hope we shall record a considerable increase in profit

and sales this year," chief execu-

tive Nicolas Hayek told a news

SMH (STE Suisse Microelec-

tronique et d'Horlogerie S.A.)

said sales int he first four months

of 1993 were about 16 per cent

(\$1.67 billion).

conference

powered plastic "Swatch,"

struggle among airlines to entice increased demand for economy class, it would rearrange seats on its 27 Boeing 747s, replacing 26 business-class seats with 39 economy from July, and phasing out royal (first) class seats on its 747s from the autumn.

> Despite a 13 per cent improvement in employee productivity last year, Chairman Peter Bouw wants further cost cuts. "We must save another eight to ten per cent on those costs, we can influence in addition to our efforts on revenue," he said. Mr. Bouw declined to rule out job cuts.

> He said the company would reexamine its routes and flight frequency, perhaps eliminating some routes altogether.

Analysts hope to see some recovery by the end of the current year, but not soon enough to stop

higher than a year ago: with

The company's core business

remains watches, but it is bran-

ching into other activities, such as

mobiles telephones and paging

devices. It also has plans for a new environmentally friendly city

German car giant Volkswagen

A.G. (V.W.) was involved in the

is looking for a replacement.

facturers and he hoped to say by the end of 1992 which replace

V.W. He declined to name them.

question everything we've done

"We want a partner who won't

but said neither was Asian.

car, called the Swatch car.

profits rising more strongly.

AMSTERDAM (R) — A fierce KLM said in order to meet KLM racking up further losses of struggle among arrines to entice increased demand for economy as much as 240 million guilders (\$134 million) this year.

Two years ago KLM lost 630 million guilders (\$352 million) as the Gulf war kept passengers away. When they returned, a fares war broke out which shows no signs of abating.

Recession-hit companies have cut back on costly executive air travel and switched to cheaper economy seats where possible. This coincided with extra seat capacity as the jets ordered in a late 1980s buying binge are deli-

Airlines have slashed fares to unprecedented levels to fill those seats and few are making any

Sanity says this has to end. but we see no sign of it so far," said Amstgeld's Van Der Kloos.

## Swiss SMH profits jump 64%

so far... we believe the car can be

ready in 1996," he said.

SMH has put 20 million francs (\$14 million) so far in the project to make a two-seater car powered by an electric engine or a hybrid engine that switches between electricity and petrol.

Mr. Hayek said the car would be built in Europe though an assembly plant might be set up later in the United States. project until it dropped out in January due to cuts in its invest-

He said his company's cash ment programme, and now SMH reserves had risen to more than 800 million francs (\$560 million) Mr. Hayek said SMH was by the end of May and might negotiating with two car manuexceed one billion francs (\$700 million) by the end of the year.

> But he stressed SMH had no plans for a major acquisition, preferring to invest internally in new products and factories.

**JORDAN** 

MARKET PLACE

## Accord with Egypt eludes World Bank, IMF

CAIRO (R) — A joint negotiat- the end of the second stage. ing team from the International Bank left this week without reaching agreement on a new set of economic reforms, Western economists said Thursday.

Egypt's stand-by facility with the IMF ran out at the end of last er visits or by phone. month and it needs a new agreement to qualify for nearly \$4 billion of debt forgiveness from Western creditors.

The bank and the fund, trying to make Egypt's two-year shift towards a free market economy irreversible by engaging it in new reform programmes, are arguing that structural reforms, privatisation, and trade liberalisation should speed up.

But Cairo is resisting their pressures, saying it must implement the reforms at its own pace and soften the impact wherever among the millions of Egyptians on the breadline.

The economists said the delay would not jeopardise the debt forgiveness. The IMF would brief Paris Club creditors who would simply put off discussing it.

The forgiveness is just a formality, the next tranche of debt is not 'hot'," said one economist. Western creditors have pledged 50 per cent debt forgiveness — at least \$10 billion — in three stages

if Egypt carries out IMF reforms. They granted 15 per cent when the first agreements were signed in 1991 and have promised second set of agreements are cent, which local industrialists are

The two sides have been in Monetary Fund (IMF) and World constant high-level contact for two months. A joint IMF and World Bank team left Cairo last Saturday after two seeks of talks and economists said dialogue would continue either with furth-

The IMF wants to engage Egypt in a two to three year agreement that would fix further fiscal deficit targets and cover revenue gathering measures such

as sales and income tax. Economists said talks on this might drag on into July or August. Egypt looks like meeting this year's deficit target of 3.5 per cent of gross domestic product but the IMF is also concerned at delays in the World Bank's structural adjustment programme, particularly privatisation.
A new World Bank agreement

possible to avoid social upheavals was likely to take much longer, possibly until the end of the year, the economists said.

Two years after setting up a holding company structure to prepare state firms for privatisation. Egypt has sold only a handful. Under severe pressure in February, it listed 20 firms for sale but many of these have got bogged down in administrative wrangling and have not even been tendered.

aThe economists said the bank would like to see half of the state sector sold off in the next three to four years and import tariffs brought down considerably from another 15 per cent when the the current maximum of 80 per signed and a final 20 per cent at lobbying hard against.

## Image of spendthrift east Germans untrue, **Bundesbank report says**

FRANKFURT (AFP) - The savers are squirrelling away as popular image of east Germans much money as possible in order believed by many west Germans - that the "Ossis" (easterners) are silly spendthrifts, throwing money away on cars and consumer toys — is simply untrue, according to the latest Bundesbank report.

In fact, east Germans are fantastic savers, stashing money.

But east Germans are rushing away in mortgage and home import to use a so-called "fast track" provement plans in order to in- approch, in which they put down vest in land and property, in true between 40 and 50 per cent of the "Wessi" (westerner) style, the report has revealed.

Despite fast-rising unemployment, the savings of east Gerrose by around 58 per cent in only two and a half years, the

central bank's monthly report When East Germany adopted the Deutsche mark on July 1 1990, the average household in the region had savings of 20,000

marks (\$12,500). This rose to around 30,000 marks (\$18,750) by the end of 1992, it said.

Around 276 billion marks were put away in savings in all of Germany last year, a rise of seven per cent over 1991, it said.

to gain quicker access to bank loans to buy new homes or refurbish an apartment. Normally a bank in Germany

requires an applicant to save regularly for at least five years before it gives out a big loan at

target sum immediately, and pay

However, east German savings, at 190 billion marks, represent only 5.2 per cent, of total German savings of 3,600 billion marks, it said.

out a fifth of Germany's population of 80 million. But unemployment in the region affects about one in three, if phenomena such as short-time working, early re-tirement and job retraining are taken into account. Joblessness was negiligible three years ago.

318 billion marks, mainly because banks lended more to east German entrepreneurs, the Bundes-

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the rest within two to three years.

East Germans account for ab-

Investment in Germany rose by 27 billion marks last year to reach

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#### This was mainly due to the big boost in east Germany, where Daimler sees way out

STUTTGART, Germany (R) — Daimler-Benz A.G. faces deep difficulties as the German economy turns down but the country's biggest industrial concern expects business to start recovering next year, management board chairman Edzard Reuter has

"The company...finds itself in a difficult phase of its develop-ment," he told the annual shareholders meeting.
In the first four months of

1993, group turnover feli almost 20 per cent, reaching barely 26 billion marks (\$16 billion). Business developments at the Mercedes-Benz A.G. car division which normally makes up twords of Daimler's sales — were main cause of the fall. There

and its electronics unit AEG The group had had to reduce its workforce by 18,000 last year

were also smaller downturns at

planemaker Deutsche Aerospace

of its troubles next year to a total of 376,000 and would have to cut a further 15,000 jobs in 1993. Nevertheless, Daimler believed a turnaround would begin next year, Mr. Reuter said.

Despite the downturn, Daimler

hoped to be able to pay an unchanged dividend of 13 marks (\$7.99) a share on 1993 results. The chairman saw a chance for an improvement in business in the rest of this year compared to the first quarter of 1993, when group net profits fell by a massive 95 per cent to just 20 million marks (\$12.29 million).

That would not be a result of an economic upturn, but of the hoped-for sales success of the new Mercedes compact C-class car range and also because oneoff financial charges would not recur. He did not doubt the Cclass, which goes on sale this month replacing the 190, would be an "unusual success".

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One cance of gold

U.S. \$1,00 costs

1.5972/82 1.7915/20 1.4275/85 32.83/85 5.3800/50 1459/1462 106.85/90 7.2000/2100 6.7750/7850 6.1200/1300 \$1.5430/40 \$376\_50/377.25

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns



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## Sihanouk cancels faction meeting citing illness

Norodom Sihanouk, after his abortive attempt to set up a coalition government, has called off a meeting of rival Cambodian fac-tions citing ill health, a U.N. official said Friday.

Three factions were due to meet under Prince Sihanouk's chairmanship in Phnom Penh Saturday to discuss crucial details of political transition after U.N.run elections won by the royalist

"The prince is taken ill," said the U.N. official, who asked not to be identified.

The head of state's illness comes after he attempted Thursday to set up a coalition government uniting the victorious Royalist Party led by his son Prince Norodom Ranariddh and the encumbent Vietnamese-installed gov-

The Hanoi-backed Cambodia People's Party (CPP) claimed election fraud and warned of violent insurrection when it became clear it was losing the vote

Prince Ranariddh never publicly approved his father's plan and Prince Sihanouk announced Friday that he was shelving the idea, which would have given all the country's top posts including control of the armed forces.

The factional meeting was to have involved the Royalist Party, the Phnom Penh government and another opposition faction. Prince Sihanouk's sudden dec-

laration that he was to form a government upset the Royalist FUNCINPEC. Royalist officials

BONN (R) - German

police have arrested three

more skinhead suspects in con

nection with the Solingen arson

attach which killed five Turks at

the weekend, security officials

said Friday.
The officials said Federal Pro-

secutor Alexander Von Stahl told

a closed-door parliamentary com-

mittee meeting that three active

right-wing extremists had been

arrested on suspicion of setting

fire to the Turks' house Saturday.

16-year-old boy from Solingen

who they believe started the fire.

be named, said the three suspects

were 16, 19 and 23 years old, had

been planning an attack on fore-

Mr. Stahl's office in Karlsruhe,

which Tuesday had to retract an

earlier statement that four skin-

heads were being sought as

accomplices to the crime, de-

at the time.

The officials, who asked not to

Police are already holding a

PHNOM PENH (R) - Prince said it disrupted the democratic tion of a National Assembly process that Cambodians had sac-

rificed so much for. His equally abrupt about face left the 14-year-old Phnom Penh government smarting as it reluctantly took up again the administration of the 80 per cent of

Cambodia it controls.
"We are not happy," General
Pan Thay, chief spokesman for Phnom Penh's armed forces, said Friday. "We need Prince Sihanouk. We support a new government like yesterday, but it seems Prince (Norodom) Ranariddh

does not accept the proposal."

Phenom Penh Prime Minister Hun Sen and Prince Ranariddh, leader of the Royalist FUNCIN-PEC Party, were designated deputy prime ministers in the stillborn government, announced before the final vote count was in.

FUNCINPEC had spoken of including the radical Khmer Rouge faction in a coalition government, but had given up that goal, said the CPP, itself violently opposed to the idea.

Analysts said excluding the Maoists who hold sway over a fifth of the country and favouring its Hanoi-installed enemies meant a return to Cambodia's 13-year habit of civil war.

With virtually all the ballots counted Friday in elections organised by the United Nations after 14 months of fragile ceasefire. FUNCINPEC had 45.3 per cent of the vote and the CPP 38.7 per cent, U.N. officials said.

Under the original Paris peace plan signed in 1991 by all fac-tions, voting would lead to forma-

'For the time being no state-

ments to the press will be made in

this matter." it said in a statement

faxed to journalists even before

the reports of the new arrest

Chancellor Helmut Kohl has

argued the Solingen attack was

the work of a single disturbed

youth, but President Richard von

Weizsaecker strongly disputed this Thursday in his speech at funeral services for the five mur-

Solingen are not unrelated iso-

lated atrocities. They spring from a climate generated by the ex-

treme right," he said, referring

also to the arson attack in Moelln

"Extreme right-wing violence,

however mindless it might

appear, is politically motivated. It

has increased." the president

The murders of Moelln and

Germany holds more arson suspects

dered Turks.

סווושיסייו

Turks were killed.

which would spend up to three months writing a new constitution. Only then would a new government be formed.

Many including staunch sup-porters of FUNCINPEC. a French acronym for National United Front for an Independent. Neutral, Peaceful and Cooperative Cambodia, have said Prince Sihanouk's move amounts to a

constitutional coup.
Officials in FUNCINPEC, headed by Prince Sihanouk himself until he became neutral head of state in 1991, said Prince Ranariddh had accepted his father's government but had suggested a cabinet should not be formed until after the election

He also objected to sharing power with certain Phnom Penh figures whom he linked with the killing of FUNCINPEC activists during the election campaign, the party officials said.

Prince Sihanouk said by pulling the two main contenders together he had been trying to stave off new fighting. That became a real possibility when the CPP, seeing they were trailing their rivals in the vote count, threatened not to accept the result.

U.N. spokesman Eric Falt said efforts to establish order in the vacuum before a government can be formed would be stepped up. He said the Phnom Penh government was capable of keeping its armed forced and police from causing trouble.

"I'm not so sure of that," government official said.

fenceless victims in order to hit

Mr. Kohl, who did not attend

the funeral service in Cologne

despite appeals from Turkish

community leaders and many

Bonn politicians to do so, had a

meeting Friday with senior Tur-

kish officials who came to Ger-

vision said 62 per cent of those surveyed felt he should have

on the issue, it said 78 per cent of

the opposition Social Democrats

polled criticised him for staying

away from the ceremony while

only 46 per cent of Mr. Kohi's

own Christian Democrat voters

Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel,

who just after the Solingen attack

argued against the Turkish com-

munity's demand fro dual

citizenship, dropped his doubts and came out clearly for extend-

An opinion poll for RTL Telc-

Reflecting political differences

the democratic state.

many for the service.

attended the service.



lding her two children, is evacuated aboard a Tkvarcheli in the breakaway Republic of Abkhazia

## Fighting in Abkhazia stops relief flights

TBILISI, Georgia (AP) — Fight-ing between Abkhazian separat-ists and Georgian troops left more than a dozen people dead

Abkhazia, which covers a total of 8,600 square kilometres (3,320 square miles), about the size of Cyprus. and halted humanitarian aid shipments to a besieged city, Georgian sources said.

The fiercest fighting was re-ported near the Black Sea coastal village of Kindgi, where 13 peo-ple were killed, according to regional official Georgy Giliskiriya. He said Abkhazian militants killed two Georgian soldiers in an offensive that began Wednesday night, and II people died in subsequent fighting, including four who were run over by an armoured personnel carrier.

Abkhazia is a former resort area in northwest Georgia between the Black Sea and the Caucasus Mountains. More than 1,000 people have been killed since the region declared independence last July and Georgia

sent in thousands of troops. to hold about one-third of civilian refugees.

Guinier insisted Friday "I could

Prof. Guinier said that Mr.

Clinton, a friend for two decades,

believed her hearings would have

Critics had focused on her legal

writings for allegedly advocating a minority "veto" over political

decisions crucial to minorities,

undermining the concept of

Mr. Clinton withdrew her

nomination late Thursday, saving

her views would have been "very

difficult to defend" against Sen-

Prof. Guinier, interviewed on

NBC, said Mr. Clinton told her in

their meeting "that a Senate con-

KIEV (R) - President Leonid

Kravchuk curtly reaffirmed Fri-

day that Ukraine was committed

to ridding itself of nuclear

weapons after his prime minister

democratic majority rule.

have been confirmed.

been racially divisive.

Clinton drops civil rights

nomination in new setback

WASHINGTON ( In a been divisive and potentially in-

move that enraged the civil rights community, President Bill Clinton withdrew the nomination of agree that the last thing we need

black law Professor Lani Guinier in this country is a discussion of

firmation hearing would have congressional Black Caucus.

as his civil rights enforcer. Prof. race that polarises people."

Georgia accuses Russia of in-

terfering in the civil war to aid the Abkhazians. Russia denies it. A ceasefire agreement was reached on May 14 between Russian President Boris Yeltsin and Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze, but it quickly fell apart. Georgia and Abkhazia have blamed each other for violating it.

Georgian military officials said Thursday that separatist attacks had killed about 50 people in the past week. In apparent retaliation. Georgia cut off a Russian airlift of humanitarian aid to the Abkhazian-held city of Tkvarche-

ince the region declared inde-lendence last July and Georgia ent in thousands of troops.

Separatist forces have managed

On Wednesday, four Russian helicopters had brought about eight tonnes of food and medicine to Tkvarcheli and took out 106

In abandoning her nomination.

Even so, Prof. Guinier said, "I

Mr. Clinton conceded he had not

do believe that I could have been

confirmed and that I would have

been an assistant attorney general

for civil rights who would have

made the president and the peo-

Mr. Clinton's withdrawal of the

nomination, the latest crisis in his

beleaguered presidency, drew

angry outcries from the civil

"I'm convinced that the admi-

nistration has taken a giant step

backward," said Kweisi Mfume,

the Democrat who chairs the

rights community.

ple of the United States proud."

read her legal writings.

#### MOSCOW (AP) - Forces loyal to the leader of the self-

10 die in Chechen clash

Yeltsin faces hard

four possible paths:

federation with disintegration.

weaken Mr. Yeltsin's position.

temptation to take that path may be great.

ponded to the basic law now in force.

does not figure in his plans.

adopt the constitution.

Mr. Yeltsin of lying.

choice after assembly

MOSCOW (R) --- President Boris Yeltsin will have cleared only the first hurdle in his race to a new constitution if a special assembly, convening Saturday, agrees a final draft.

The next task is to give it the force of law.

Hardliners insist that under the president constitution only the top

legislature, the congress of People's Deputies, may adopt a new constitution, Mr. Yeltsin, who has only contempt for Congress, sees

1. Congress yields and passes the draft on a nod, without debate.

2. The president forces a referendum. This, if the draft is passed

overall, would raise a question over the status of any regions rejecting the draft. Detractors say it could threaten the Russian

3. The assembly imposes on parliament by some means a law

calling new parliamentary elections. The newly constituted parlia-

ment would then debute and pass the constitution. The danger for

Mr. Yeltsin here is that the new legislature might be as hostile to the

president as the present one.

4. National elections are held for a Constituent Assembly whose only task would be to consider the draft and approve it. Its job done,

it would then be dissolved and elections to new state organs called.

The final elections under this plan would be the third round this year,

following April's referendum and the polls for the Constitutent

Assembly. Sheer political weariness among the population could

Mr. Yeltsin could yet chose a fifth path, despite his insistence it

With the agreement of regional leaders recently invited to Satuarday's meeting, he could issue a decree transforming the

assembly directly into a full Constituent Assembly with powers to

They also instructed the parliamentary Legislation Committee to

work out a separate law on the post of vice-president.

Mr. Rutskoi has been rallying opposition against the president since a final break with him in April. Earlier this week he accused

Mr. Yeltsin has stripped Mr. Rustkoi of all his duties and made it

effectively impossible for the vice-president to operate in his Kremlin

proclaimed Republic of Chechenya ousted opposition sympathisers Friday from two buildings in the capital of Grozny, news reports said. Opposition leaders said 10 peo-

ple died, while a spokesman for Chechen leader Dzhokhar Dudayev put the death toll at three, the Interfax News Agency

Interfax said Gen. Dudayev's "special units" fired on City Hall and Police Headquarters in the Caucusus city with a howitzer and a tank. Moré than 60 people were arrested, Dudayeve spokesman-Movladi Udugov told Interfax.

Mr. Udugov was quoted as saying the units "assumed control of the buildings by force after futile attempts to vacate them by peaceful means.

Thousands of opposition sympathises massed in Grozny's Theatre Square after the attack, Interfax said, quoting opposition leader Ganga Elmurzayeva as saying Gen. Dudayev's forces had the square "virtually block-

ed" off. Mr. Elmurzayeva is on the coordinating council of the Daimokh (Fatherland) Move-

Interfax said that among those killed Friday was a man shot when gunmen fired on demonstrators in the square from a

passing car. Gen. Dudayev's opponents have been demonstrating in Theatre Square since April. trying to force the flamboyant fighter pilot to resign as leader of the oil-rich region about 1,500 a fearsome mafia with te kilometres (950 miles) south of extending into the West.

Kravchuk reaffirms Ukraine's non-nuclear pledge

powers, reflected a sharp change in public opinion in recent doubts over policy on the two disarmament pacts and was likely

tion rally.

Washington and Moscow. "Ukraine must confirm itself temporarily as a nuclear state," deputies quoted Mr. Kuchma as

He said Ukraine had no hope

The prime minister suggested Ukraine temporarily keep 46 in-tercontinental SS-24 missiles. which many specialists in Kiev believe are not covered by the

In Washington, State Depart-Boucher said the United States had information Ukraine was trying to gain operational control

over nuclear weapons on its territory and expressed great concern should this happen. U.S. Defence Secretary Les Aspin, who is to visit Kiev next week, said he would warn

Ukraine against any attempt to back out of the commitment it undertook when it signed protocols last year making it a party to START-1.

That would strictly speaking be illegal and draw furious protest from parliament. But if Mr. Yeltsin feels himself strong enough, the Meanwhile the conservative-dominated Russian parliament moved Friday to protect rebel Vice-President Alexander Rutskoi who is in open opposition to President Yeltsin.

Deputies voted overwhelmingly to ask the Constitutional Court to rule whether Mr. Yeltsin's recent moves to humilate Mr. Rutskoi taking away his car, most of his staff and bodyguards - corres-Deputies said in a letter to the court that such actions "infringed the dignity of the vice-president and belittled his constitutional

TOKYO (AP) - First- and Lien toked to business-class passengers on and account some Japan Airlines (JAL) flights soon will find their seats equipped with electronic game machines, the airline said. They can play various games provided with the machines, or bring their own software discs as long as they were developed by Sega Enter prises Ltd., a leading Japanese maker of amusement equipment, the airline added. JAL, Japan's largest airline, and Sega jointly developed the machine, JAL spokesman Yoshihiko Kozu said. but he declined to specify development costs. The game machines first will appear on JAL flights to London and New York on July 1, he said. "More passengers now enjoy games or watch movies individually," rather than in a group, he added. The machines use 5-inch liquid crystal, television sets installed in the seats, Kozu said, he said JAL had tested the machines to ensure they would not interfere with theplanes' communications and electronic navigation devices.

# auctioned

LONDON (AP) — A Russian years ago, is expected to sell for £8,000 to £12,000 (\$12,300 to \$18,500) at auction, Sotheby's to be shredded when the plant's age of waste paper, the London auctioneers saidin a statement. gious test of the old believers. munities in the forest," Mr. Samarine said. "The schism occurred when the Orthodox the old believers refused to accept. They saw the reforms as insults to the traditional rituals of the church. God, they believed. must have abandoned them and an apocalypse would surely follow." The manuscript depicts the apocalypse of St. John the Divivid hand-painted scenes of many-headed draggons, moons cities tumbling fromt he sky. Sotheby's said the manuscript bears the library stamp of Vikal were distinguished adherents of the old belief and ran a financial empire based on the manufacture of silk ribbons.

#### clined any comment before a rare "It is an anarchist terrorism of ing nationality rights to long-term press conference set for Saturday a special type which seeks de-foreign residents. N. Korea orders all foreigners out

TOKYO (R) - North Korea, fast approaching an international deadline to allow nuclear inspections, has ordered all foreigners except accredited diplomats to leave the country by June 15, Kyodo News Agency reported Friday.

Quoting well-placed sources versed in North Korea-Japan relations, the Japanese agency said the order included ethic Korean tourists from Japan.

Pyongyang had also decided to suspend issuing all entry visas until the end of July, Kyodo added. The agency's sources suggested

Pyongyang might have taken the step in connection with North Korda's talks with the United States over its decision to withdraw from the nuclear nonproliferation treaty (NPT) with effect from June 12. Stalinist Pyongyang's

announced pullout from the treaty followed its refusal to allow the U.N. nuclear watchdog body to inspect two military sites believed to hold proof of a covert nuclear weapons programme. North Korea denies developing any such arms, but U.S. and other intelligence services believe it has either already produced or is on the brink of producing a crude device.

Kyodo said the pro-Pyongyang General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryon) told its local chapters of North

Korea's decision late last month The agency's sources said Japanese-based Koreans engaged in bilateral trade and Japan-North Korea joint enterprises were included in the order.

Meanwhile chances that the two Koreas will resume crossborder dialogue receded Friday when the North rejected the South's conditions for talks aimed at reducing cold war tension.

In a phone call to South Korean authorities, the North proposed meeting next Tuesday at the border village of Panmunjom and urged Seoul "not to attach conditions on the North's proposal...

but to approach it with sincerity." But the South, its suggestion for a Saturday meeting ignored in the call from North Korean Prime Minister Kang Song-San. appeared adamant it would insist

on resolving a vexed row over nuclear weapons before going to the North's agenda.

The letter is very negative and very disappointing." said a Seoul

talks to be a discussion on an

Backed into a corner over its refusal to allow U.N. inspectors to check out two suspected nuclear weapons sites. Pyongyang nnexpectedly called on May 25 for talks with the South to discuss

At first taken aback by the offer. South Korea agreed in principle to the proposal, but nsisted the bitter dispute over North Korea's nuclear program-

That has now been rejected by Pyongyang, and the Southern spokesman said it was very unlikely South Korea would accept the North's offer on the current

legal proceedings against him by the attorney general for support-

ing Mr. Serrano in his seizure of

the people who broke the con-

stitution becomes president. That's ridiculous," Attorney

General Edgar Tuna told Reu-

ters, adding that the Supreme

Court had put the case against Mr. Espina in the hands of the

Mr. Espina Thursday met poli-

tical and business leaders to try to

build a consensus in Congress to

swear him in and presumably to

put an end to the charges against

"This is nothing short of com-

plete and Utter Chaos. The same

old political maffas are cutting

deals behind closed doors," one

diplomat said.

"It's not possible that one of

unconstitutional powers.

#### Guatemalan army 'will not' take power tion since Guatemala's crisis begress for his swearing-in and by

GUATEMALA CTTY (R) -The army has distanced itself from Guatemala's messy political struggle and said it had no intention of taking power as public opposition mounted to Vice President Gustavo Espina's bid to replace ousted President Jorge

"The political game allowed by the democratic system is the responsibility of the political sector." said Navy Captain Julio Alberto Yon, the military spokes-

"At no moment does the army intend to exercise power in the country," he said.

As he spoke, more than 3,000 people, mainly students, marched to the National Palace to protest that the power shifts of the past days were a front for military

It was the biggest demonstra-

gan when Mr. Serrano suspended the constitution, dissolved Congress and began raling by decree on May 25.

Capt. Yon's position appeared to mark a shift from Wednesday, when Defence Minister Jose Garcia Samayoa said the army was backing Vice President Gustavo Espina to replace Mr. Serrano..

The Guatemalan army supports constitutional institutions. We are not mentioning names of people, just institutions," Capt. Yon said when asked if the army

still supported Mr. Espina. Mr. Espina declared himself president Wednesday, the day after the military engineered Mr. Serrano's ouster, ending Mr. Ser-

rano's week-long near-dictatorial Espina's position was already weakened by his failure to find enough support in Con-

government spokesman. Pyongyang wants Tuesday's

exchange of presidential envoys which would dea! with the nuclear issue and which they want to develop into a preparatory session for an unprecedented presidential summit.

pending inter-Korean issues.

me be settled first.

#### called for retention of some missiles, at least temporarily. Mr. Kravchuk told visiting Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev that Ukraine's policy in favour of ratifying the START-1

accord and signing the Non-Proliferation Treaty as a nonnuclear state was unchanged. The Ukrainian parliament en-ded two days of debate on the

ratification of two key disarmament treaties Friday, postponing further discussion until later in the month. Deputies leaving a closed session of parliament told reporters

it had voted overwhelmingly to ask parliamentary commissions to study documents concerning the START-I and non-proliferation treaties (NPT). The session was thrown into

turmoil by Prime Minister Leonid Kuchma's appeal Thursday for Ukraine to retain some former Soviet nuclear missiles temporari-But President Kravchuk reaf-

firmed Ukraine's intention of approving both pacts in talks with Russian Foreign Minister Andre Kozyrev Friday. Deputies said a majority of speakers called for START-1 to

be considered separately from This was an indication that parliament could proclaim some form of temporary nuclear status for the former Soviet republic pending negotiations with the nulcear powers on providing Kiev with security guarantees and to inflame the newly independent

susbstantial compensation. "As you know, yesterday our parliament began its discussion of START. And as everywhere else in the world, members of parliament have varied opinions," Mr. Kravchuk told Mr. Kozyrev before beginning more than an hour

"And what is the official position of the (Ukrainian) leadership?" Mr. Kozyrev asked the president during the conversation, attended by reporters.

"You know our position. Our position is clear," Mr. Kravchuk answered. Mr. Kozyrev later told reporters he was satisfied that Mr.

Kuchma's statement did not represent official Ukrainian policy. "It has been explained to me that Mr. Kuchma was speaking in a private capacity, as a deputy rather than prime minister," he said before flying off to visit the headquarters of the Black Sea Fleet in the Crimea.

"After my meeting with President Kravchuk ... Russia is satisfied that Ukraine will follow the course it has pursued so far which will lead to the ratification of the START-1 treaty."
The START-1 treaty signed

between the United States and the former Soviet Union affects, in Ukraine's case, 176 strategic weapons on its territory. Mr. Kuchma's statement raised

state's relations with both ying Thursday.

of receiving substantial compensation for giving up the strategic missiles on its soil as well as a number of airborne cruise

ment spokesman Richard

The reception given to Mr.

Kuchma, who has threatened to resign in a separate battle with Mr. Kravchuk over constitutional

Dzhokhar Dudayev

ruled his move illegal.

Gen. Dudayev, 49, ignited the

potentially explosive power strug-

gle in Grozny in April by trying to

impose one-man rule nad dissolve

parliament. A Chechen court has

The power struggle in the vola-

tile, mountainous region of

southern Russia has become in-

creasingly violent. Gen.

Dudayev's nephew was shot to

death and several people were

wounded in a demonstration last

week, and on Monday Gen.

Dudayev said someone tried to

assassinate him during an opposi-

The Chechens are one of the

fiercest groups in a region popu-

lated by the descendants of

ancient warrior cultures, and

their homeland is famed for

blood feuds, guerrilla fighters and

a fearsome mafia with tentacles

Moscow.

The number of deputies opposing the treaties or harbouring reservations has grown from a handful of nationalists and former Communists to more than a third of the chamber.

A total of 162 members signed a petition last month seeking at least temporary nuclear status for Mr. Kuchma's call to retain the

46 SS-24 strategic missiles would

probably involve complex legal manoeuvres, whereby Ukraine could raufy START-1, but not the Lisbon protocols under which it became party to the treaty. Mr. Kuchma, for 10 years director of the Yuzhmash Factory where the SS-24 was produced. has rejected as inadequate an initial U.S. offer of \$175 million to cover disarmament costs and the loss of expensive nuclear

components, Britain called Ukraine Friday to honour its pledge to rid itself of nuclear weapons.

"We take note of what Mr. Kuchma has said but we recall the formal non-nuclear commitment of the Ukrainian government as reaffirmed by President Kravchuk when he met the Prime Minister (John Major) in February." Britain's Forign Office said in a statement.

"We continue to urge the Ukrainian government to honour these commitments as quickly as

Japanese rush to buy wedding commemorative

TOKYO (AFP) — Long queues formed outside banks as the Japanese waited anxiously to buy coins commemorating next week's royal wedding. "We had 500 coins. We had sold out in 10 minutes," said an employee at Sakura Bank of Tokyo, outside which more than 350 people had gathered to wait for the counters to open. Five million silver coins to open. Five million silver coins worth 5,000 yen (\$47) each and 30 million copper coins worth 500 30 million copper coins worth 500 yen (about \$5) issued by the Friday morning in banks and post offices across the country. Two offices across the country. Two million gold coins worth 50,000 yen each are to go on sale on Sept. 9, exactly three months after the wedding of Crown Prince Naruhito to former diplomat Masako Owada next series in Wednesday. The coins Wednesday. The coins carry the imperial emblems of the Chrysanthemum throne.

Photo buffs can stroll

#### through giant camera

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Frenc

PARIS (AP) — If you want to be in the camera's eye, you get your chance this weekend. Step night in the camera's eye, you get your chance this weekend. Step right in. A giant camera — 12 metres (more than 39 feet) high — is set up on the Champs De Mars oppo-Alisi - Ninti io site the Eiffel Tower for anyone wanting to peep inside the lens.

The replica of a vincent The replica of a vintage camera, the symbol of D Photofolie Fete starting Friday, is designed to help people under the starting friday. designed to help people under-stand the art of photography from the inside out. The tour of the tour camera is one of several events in the capital aimed at helping and carried graphy. In montmartre, you can actually become a photography or a photographer's model, with 12 3 2217 material available at six points. The photos will then be part of an exhibition at the local town hall. For photo buffs less than 13 years old, you can compete for a prize for best picture of the Paris rooftops, taken from the Samaritaine Department Store's upper ter-

#### Airline putting electronic games on planes

#### Russian manuscript, saved from shredder, to be

religious manuscript, rescued from a Helsinki recycling plant 25 said. The manuscript was about owner spotted its elaborate red leather and gilt binding in a pack-The owner kept it, and 25 years later showed it to a Sotheby's expert on Russian art. Ivan Samarine, the statement said. The manuscript is a bizarre relithey were an obscure sect who split from the Russian Orthodox Church in the 17th century and went off to found isolated com-Church adopted reforms which vine, Sotheby's said. It is full of turning to blood and stars and Morozov. The Morozov family

SEATTLE (AP) — The Seattle Supersonics shackled Charles Barkely and Dan Majerle Thursday night, beating the Suns 118-102 and forcing a game 7 of the Western Conference finals in

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Barkley, who scored 43 points game 5 Tuesday night, was minted to 13 points on 4-of-14 shooting. Majerle, also a hero in that Phoenix victory with 34 points and eight 3-pointers, was held to 12 points and one 3-pointer on 4-of-11 shooting.

"(Barkley) didn't have the aggressiveness as high as he did the other night, Seattle's Michael Cage said. "No 3-point bombs from Majerle tonight. We thought we had to extend pressure out on him."

On Thursday night, Seattle Ricky Pierce scored 27 points and Shawn Kemp had 22 points and 15 rebounds. With the best-of-7 series tied

3-3, the Sonics and the Suns will play Saturday in Phoenix to de-Phoenix is trying to make the NBA finals for the first time since 1976, while Scattle hasn't played

in the championship round since "If you can't get up for the seventh game, you can't get up at all," Kemp said. "There isn't any pressure at this point. Everyone wants to make it. It's just who

wants to win more."

In an emotion-charged game, Kevin Johnson had 22 points for the Suns, including his team's first 11 of the fourth quarter. Sam Perkins added 18 points For Seattle, including four 3-pointers, and Derrick McKey and Gary Payton had 16 each.

was the first time in the series that all five of Seattle's starters scored in double figures. The game was decided early in the fourth quarter when the Sonics outscored the Suns 11-4 in the first 4:51 for a 97-79 lead with 6:21 to go. Kemp had a pair of

baskets in the run. The Suns got a second-half lift from Cedric Ceballos, who did not play in the first half, then socred eight quick points in the third period. Then he aggravated, an injury to his left foot and was carried off the court by teammates Jerrod Mustaf and Frank Johnson just 4:08 into the

Group D World Cup qualifying round begins today.

SEOUL (AP) - The second round of World Cup

soccer Asia Group D qualifications begins Saturday in Seoul with an opening match between

Bahrain and Lebanon. Sports officials here pre-dicted South Korea will easily qualify for the next

round as it seeks a third straight slot in World Cup

finals next year for the first time as an Asian

nation. In the first round in Lebanon, South Korea

finished at the top of the five-team table with three

wins and one draw. Hong Kong was second with a 2-1-1 record, followed by Bahrain's 1-2-1. Lebanon

and India were almost disqualified with no wins.

Hoddle moves from Swindon to Chelsea

LONDON (AP) — Four days after guiding Swindon to English soccer's Premier League, Glenn Hoddle Friday joined Chelsea as manager. Re-

ports say the 35-year-old former England star also

may register as a player. Capped 53 times by his

country, the stylish former Tottenham and Mona-

to midfielder scored the first goal as Swindon

reached the top flight Monday with a 4-3 victory

over Leicester in the division one playoff at

Wembley. Next season, his new club will be

Final French soccer standings

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ter as Seattle scored five fastbreak baskets to lead 61-50 at halftime. The Sonics scored 19 of their first-half points off 11 tur-

Pierce scored seven of his nine first-quarter points in a 13-4 run that gave Seattle a 21-12 lead, but the Suns responded with an 8-0 run of their own.

New York has hard road to win Eastern Conference finals

While the two-time champion Chicago Bulls have the distractions, the New York Knicks have the hard road to win the Eastern Conference finals.

Having lost the home-court advantage in Wednesday night's 97-94 defeat in New York, the Knicks must win Friday night in Chicago Stadium to force a seventh game at Madison Square Garden Sunday.

quarter, with Seattle leading 71-Otherwise, the Bulls will adv-The Suns, who beat the Loss sance to the NBA finals with a Angeles Lakers in five games and chance to become the third team. San Antonio in six, looked tired in league history to win three and frustrated in the second quantities straight championships.

**SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF** 

and emotional."

"We've got to regroup, pu together a plan and make it difficult for them to close it out at home," Knicks coach Pat Riley said. "You get your back planted against the wall a number of times in your life. We showed a lot of resolve and heart, but we

"This is the one. We have to put all the energy out there and see that happens in the first six minutes of the game," Bulls coach Phil Jackson said. "There is always a danger of overconfidence, but I don't think we're at that point yet."

didn't play well when we had to

Jackson said he wasn't worried about distractions caused by the book published Thursday alleging Michael Jordan lost \$1.25 million in golf bets to the author two

Jordan himself still isn't talking to the media because of stories about an earlier Atlantic City gambling incident. Some players said Jackson mentioned the latestrevelation at a team meeting, and all Jordan did was shrugs

playing against his former team. Hoddle has gained a reputation of promoting attractive soccer

and said his decision to leave Swindon was "hard

Ukraine wins in European basketball

WROCLAW, Poland (AP) - Ukraine defeated

Belarus and Croatia rolled over Latvia in the first

semifinal match. Thursday of the European Bas-

ketball Championship qualifying tournament. The fifth day of the round-robin play also brought

confirmation from the International Basketball

Federation that Yugoslavia, the defending Euro-

pean champion, will not be allowed to participate

in the finals opening June 23 in Germany. Five

teams from the tournament will qualify for the

American fails to swim from Cuba to U.S.

MIAMI (AFP) — An American environmentalist

trying to swim from Cuba to the United States was

plucked from the sea Thursday after he encoun-

tered strong winds and currents. Skip Storch, a

35-year-old from New York state, was cheered on

by Cuban President Fidel Castro when he left

Havana on Wednesday.

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## Sonics, Suns clash in game 7 today | Courier downs Krajicek; Graf reclaims No. 1 spot

## Fernandez style change pays off

Courier moved to within one match of his third straight French Open title, blasting service returns and passing shots past net-charging Richard Krajicek to win

Courier, the strong favourite here despite his No. 2 seeding, was in control for all but a few moments of his 6-1, 6-7 (7-2), 7-5,

He will play for the title Sunday against the winner of the second semifinal between 10thseeded Sergi Bruguera of Spain and No. 11 Andrei Medvedev of Ukraine, two baseline players seeking their first berth in a Grand Slam final.

Courier was so dominant and Kraiicek so uncomfortable in the play.' first set that an embarrassing rout mined to stick with his serve-andbetter in the second set and centre-court crowd.

Even though Krajicek hit 10 needed - two in the third set and two in the fourth. Eleven times winners, 13 times he scored on model for every young American passing shots as Krajicek reached

Krajicek also his a few deadly service returns. One in the third back and not make many misset was so powerful that Courier takes - it takes a long time to watched it fly by, then bowed in mock awe to his rival.

On the women's side, a radical change of playing style paid off Florida. spectacularly for Mary Joe Fer-French Open final Friday.

Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario, the most successful women's circuit the way to go. My old game style player this season, had no answer to the new, aggressive Fernanto that — he just drilled it into my dez. She was blasted off court head and asked me to take a 6-2, 6-2 in their semi-final.

Meanwhile. Steffi Graf recaptured her world No. 1 status by in 1976, has been surprised by reaching the women's singles fin- how quickly Fernandez has al and then said she couldn't care adapted her game.

"When we set last last year I

Aramex backs British

racing team: Financial

support by Aramex, the Arabian-based international

courier company, has helped 🕯

Paul Stewart Racing's Gil de

Ferran take joint lead in the

European Formula 3000 championship after two races of the 1993 series.

Just weeks after Aramex

confirmed its continued com-

mitment to the championship

by renewing its sponsorship arrangement with PSR, British

Formula 3 champion, De Fer-

ran clinched victory for the

Aramex team in Round Two of

this year's F 3000 series at

Britain's famous Silverstone

In Round One, at Donnington Park the previous week, De Ferran had recorded the

fastest lap of the race before

bad luck forced his retirement.

Paul Stewart himself finished

fifth in both races, underlining

Cinema

Circuit.

PARIS (Agencies) — Jim ing teenage compatriot Anne Huber for the loss of only two

"The ranking doesn't matter at

Graf, who beat Anke Huber their semifinal Friday in four sets. 6-1, 6-1, was the only favourite to survive on a bleak day of grey skies and surprises. She will now play Fernandez for the title she won back in 1987 and 1988.

Fernandez, who now plays the biggest match of her career Saturday said she was inspired by her fightback from 1-6, 1-5 down to beat Gabriela Sabatini in the quarter final.

"I started off the way I was finishing my last match," Fernandez said. "Right from the start I decided that was the way I had to

Fernandez has been in the top appeared likely. But the 6-foot-5 10 for the last three years, briefly (1.96-metre) Dutchman, deter-rising to number four in 1990. But her baseline style never seriously volley tactics, began volleying threatened to lift her to the very top level occupied by Graf, Moni succeeded briefly in animating the ca Seles, Martina Navratilova and, lately, Sanchez.

Under the guidance of coach aces in the match, Courier was Harold Solomon, Fernandez set able to get the service breaks he out last year to rebuild her game. She accepts she was stuck in a defensive style learnt in childhe fired back service returns for hood when Chris Evert was the

> girl with ambitions in tennis. "Since I was a little girl, I was taught you've got to hit the ball change that," admitted Fernandez, who was born in the Dominican Republic but brought up in

"Harold showed me how the nandez who reached her first ever top players and why they win. He convicted me that if I wanted to make the breakthrough this was chance.

Solomon, a singles finalist here

"All that counts is being in the told her that I thought it would final," she said, after overwhelm- take her three years to become a

the newfound strength of the

Aramex President, Mr. Fadi

Paul Stewart Racing Team.

Ghandour, said: "We are de-

lighted with Gil's perform-

ances and the exposure this

sponsorship deal secures for

our company at some of the

most famous venues in motor

Richard Krajicek goes for a forehand in his match against Jim Courier Friday (AFP photo)

position to win Grand Slams. \*But I watched her practicing this morning and she was hitting the ball the best she ever has. So I told her -- now you are ready." Asked about that remark Fernandez replied: "I believe him."

Solomon has not only worked on Fernandez on court. He has also hired Jim Courier's trainer Pat Etcheberry to build up his slender student's upper body strength. "She probably needs about another seven pounds of muscle before she has got the strength to match the top players week-in-week-out," Solomon

top three player and be in a

Graf admitted that the extent to which Fernandez went for her shots against Sabatini had surprised her. "I have never seen her doing it that much. She stepped into the ball and was going a lot for the lines and she did it very well. The way she's playing, she shows a lot of confidence.

"Graf, who had never lost a set to 18-year-old Huber in five pre-

racing, like Le Mans, Nurbur-

De Ferran dominated Brit-

ish F 3 events last season, with

seven wins out of sixteen races

for the PSR team and pre-

viously finished third in the

1990 GM Lotus Euroseries for

gring and Silverstone."

But she has made it clear from the start that rankings would be "meaningless" until her great rival Monica Seles returns to the

Graf, who has played in five of the last six finals here, said: "I don't think Anke played up to her best today. But she was playing in her first Grand Slam semifinal and that puts you under a lot of pressure. Graf has now won 72 of the 109

tournaments she has played since 1986, and against Fernandez she will be bidding to win a 12th Grand Slam singles crown.

Medvedev may pose biggest threat to Courier's reign

Joining two-time defending champion Jim Courier in the French Open semifinals are a trio

vious encounters before their of lower seeds each hoping to clash, once again played faultless reach their first Grand Slam the

Of the three contenders, 18-year-old Andrei Medvedev could be the strongest challenge, even though playing only his third Grand Slam event. He onsi disarmed Stefan Edberg's agree. and-volley game in a four-set quarterfinal victory. Bruguera put out world No. ;

Pete Sampras on Wednesday Medvedev, who won the French Open junior title two years ago and made the fourth round last year, has developed into a rising star, especially on clay. The Ukrainian has won five titles on the surface, two this-

three times they met on clay, Medvedev outplayed Edberg with delicate lobs and blistering passing shots. He won the first set in 16 minutes before rain halted play Wednesday, and completed a 6-0, 6-7 (4-7), 7-5, 6-4 victory

year, and has beaten Bruguera 📶 .

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#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦Void** ♥**Q842** ♦**AJ1074 ♦K643** The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 NT ?

What action do you take?

A.—Because of the misfit, you probably don't have game any-where. Still, richer rewards could be available by defending, and the way to advise partner that the hand be longs to you is to double. That's primarily for penalties, but partner is free to pull it if he deems that to be the right action.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\delta Q63 \coppose A \coppose Q973 \delta AQ965\$

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 \delta Pass 1 \delta Pass

What do you bid now? A.—This hand is a bit too weak for a reverse to two diamonds. Therefore, your choices lie between a re-bid of two clubs to show your fivecard minor or a raise to two spades. Despite only three-card support, we' think the latter is clear-cut.

Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **4JS** ♥A1097 ◊A **4**AKJ543 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one diamond. What action do you take?

A.—While we don't mind overcall-

ing with sound values, we think this hand is simply too good for two clubs. Our choice would be to double, intending to bid clubs over part-ner's likely spade response.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South **4J6** ∇10 ♦AKQ7653 **4**A87

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West What do you bid now?

A.—In the modern style, you need to meet one of two criteria for a jump shift: Support for partner's

suit, or a self-sufficient suit of your own. Your side-suit ace and solid diamonds make this hand ideal for a jump shift to three diamonds. Q.5—As South, vulnerable, you

**♦Void** ♥AK9853 ♦K6 **♦**AQJS7 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 1 4 Pass

What do you bid now?

A.—Your void in partner's suit is a flaw, but you are too rich in playing strength to risk getting passed out at two clubs. Since you need so little from partner to make game, jump shift to three clubs.

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **4K864** ♥**QJ873** ∴843 **•**7 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 2 1 ?

What action do you take? A.—No, we are not suggesting you make a penalty double with this hand (your trumps aren't good enough), or that you bid your anemic spades. As is usually the case when the enemy bids your longest

0 Ð Y

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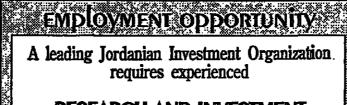
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## Egypt says major militant plot foiled

C JRO (Agen cies) — Egypt says it has foiled a Muslim militant plot to assassinate 10 public figures and carry out bomb attacks during the 'Eid Al Adha holiday.

· Interior Minister Hassan semi-official Ai Ahram newspap-cr in an interview Friday 30 militant leaders and their aides were arrested earlier this month in a security sweep in Cairo and five

large cache of arms and e, plosives was found, he said. "x\ i. n of the terrorist masterminds... were arrested. A similar number of their aids were also detained two weeks before the start (on Monday) of 'Eid Al Adha (feast of sacrifice)," he

General Alfi said the group had planned to kill 10 senior political and public figures, blow up vital economic installations and bomb six crowded public squares in Cairo and railway lines during the holiday, one of the most important Islamic festivals.

He did not name those targetted but said that after the plot was uncovered a new security strategy was drawn up to protect officials, prominent figures, mosques. churches and key bridges and

Gen. Alfi said the militants belonged to Al Jihad and Al Gama'a Al Islamiya (Islamic Group), which are both seeking to topple the government and turn Egypt into an Islamic state. Gen. Alfi told Al Ahram that

the plot had been hatched abroad by Egyptian militants, including Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, some of whose alleged followers are implicated in the World Trade Centre bombing in New

The suspects also planned to carry out bombings against railroads and other targets in Cairo, the Nile Delta and southern Egypt, he told the progovernment daily. The seized material, some of it

Soviet-made, was of the type used in Afghanistan, where hundreds of Egyptian fundamental-ists fought with the Islamic resistance against the former Soviet occupation, he added.

Apart from Sheikh Abdul Rahman, who has lived in the United States for two years, Egyptian authorities said militants travell-

qis and Kuwaitis go on trial in the

state security court Saturday for

former U.S. President George

Bush, but human rights activists

fear the men will not be properly

haven't been seen by lawyers ...

and the investigations were done

although Kuwaiti law entitles a

prisoner to a lawyer during inves-

tigation." said Aziz Abu Hamad.

associate Director of Middle East

Watch, a New York-based hu-

"We have documented in the

past that the state security police

have mistreated prisoners by de-

priving them of sleep and burning

them with cigarette butts." he

leading the 33-nation coalition

that liberated the emirate Feb.

26, 1991, after seven months of

occupation by Iraq and newspap-

ers have already branded the

Kuwaiti authorities arrested

the alleged hit team April 13, one

day before Mr. Bush and his

entourage arrived for a three-day

visit to receive the thanks of

Security authorities say the

alleged plot was organised by

Iraq's intelligence service. Bagh-

dad denies that and has accused

the United States of fabricating

the conspiracy as an excuse to

attack Iraq.
The White House has said it

will consider military action

against Iraq if Baghdad is proven

to have been involved in the

A team of U.S. Federal Bureau

of Investigation (FBI) and secret

service agents who interviewed

the suspects determined that they

Twelve of the suspects, includ-

ing a Kuwaiti and an Iraqi who

lived in the emirate, face death by

Two Kuwaitis who hid the

alleged would-be assassins, who

posed as whisky smugglers, could

get five years in prison if found

lawyers appointed by the court to

Four of the seven Kuwaiti

alleged assassination plot.

were sent by Iraq.

hanging if convicted.

guilty.

defendants as Iraqi agents.

Kuwaitis revere Mr. Bush for

said in a telephone interview.

man righs organisation.

"As far as we know, they

defended.

Alleged Bush plotters go on

trial amid human rights fears

KUWAIT (AP) - Fourteen Ira- Associated Press, he fears that

allegedly plotting to assassinate handle the "emotional cases."

without legal counsel present not because of the week-long

like Iraq."

tan and Iran were involved in the

They included Ayman Al Zawahri, Mustafa Hamza and Mohammad Shawki Al Islambuli. Mohammad Al Alfi told the brother of Khaled Al Islambuli, one of the assassins of President Anwar Sadat in 1981, Gen. Alfi

> The 30 suspects were arrested two weeks before the Eid.

"The case implicating these ex-tremists was submitted to the prosecutor from the state security court," which is charged with preparing the case and presenting to a military court, he said.

To speed up trials and pass harsher sentences, President Hosni Mubarak last October invoked emergency legislation in force since the Sadat assassination to decree that "terrorist" cases would be transferred from civilian to military courts, where there is no right of appeal.

Bombings carried out in Cairo by suspected fundamentalists have killed 11 people and injured more than 50 this year. In April Information Minister Safwat Al Sherif escaped an assassination attempt by fundamentalists.

Gen. Alfi said the leadershipin-exile was issuing orders and financing Egyptian militants to carry out the attacks.

He said the money paid for every militant attack varied between \$20,000 and \$30,000 in addition to monthly fixed wages and expenses for members to buy weapons and explosives locally.

Gen. Alfi alleged the exiled militant leadership was backed by foreign forces, which he did not name. Cairo has accused Sudan and Iran and some private Gulf organisations of financing the

Gen. Alfi said Egypt had tightened restrictions to control the funding of militant groups following a recent visit by President Mubarak to Gulf Arab states during which he sought their help to stop non-government charity organisations from channelling money to radical groups in Egypt.

"We started cooperating with some security networks in countries abroad - in the East and the West - and in the world. We will sign agreements with some countries to extradite terrorists. Gen. Ali said without elaborat-

some of the attorneys appointed

by the court will not be able

lawyers, but it's not very likely

that every Kuwaiti lawyer will be

impartial," Mr. Abu Hamad said.

available Friday to say whether

they have seen the defendants or

vacation for the feast of 'Eid Al

But one of them. Mohammad

Ashkanani, told the AP last

week: "We have to keep our

personal feelings aside. I took an

oath ... it's my duty to defend my

client even if he's an enemy. We

respect human rights. We're not

Jean-Philipe Lavoyer, Kuwait

representative of the Internation-

al Committee of the Red Cross.

said he has seen the suspects and

talked with them. But he declined

Judge Salem Al Khdair, one of

three judges who will preside

over the trial in the heavily

guarded no-jury security court,

said the defendants will be "com-

fortable enough" to testify

whether they have been mistre-

He told the AP the court will

refer defendants who complain of

torture to doctors and if it is

proven they were made to confess

under duress, the court will ac-

quit them as it did many people

accused of collaborating with the

tions of human rights violations

during the collaboration trial held

in the emotionally charged

atmosphere following liberation.

men and women were sentenced

to prison terms of up to 25 years.

Around 30 were given the death

penalty, but later had their sent-

ences commuted to life imprison-

East Watch had suggested that

Arab lawyers from other coun-

tries should defend the suspects

to ensure a fair trial, but Kuwaiti

Security authorities say 10 of

the defendants crossed from Iraq

with an explosives-laden car that

was to be blown up near the building where Mr. Bush was to

If that failed, one of the men

was to strap explosives to his body and blow himself up when

he got close to Mr. Bush, author-

receive an honorary degree.

authorities turned that down.

Mr. Abu Hamad said Middle

In those trials, more than 150

There were widespread allega-

to give any details.

ated in custody.

Iraqi occupiers.

Adha that ends Saturday.

Defence attorneys were not

"There are good Kuwaiti



The grandmother (second right) of Turkish child Guelvestan Cetz tverk, who was killed in an arson attack in Germany May 29, and their relatives sit and mourn Thursday in front of their bome in the

## State funeral for arson victims

TASOVA. Turkey (AP) - Turkish and German officials called for restraint Friday at a tense state funeral for the Turkish victims of a rightist arson attack in

A few hundred demonstrators chanted anti-Nazi slogans and carried banners which read "Death to neo-Nazi Bastards," "Hitler's pigs," and "Kill first, apologise later."

Just before the start of the funeral, the protesters burned two Nazi flags. German Foreign Minister

Klaus Kinkel, who headed a German delegation at the ceremony, addressed the crowd while protests echoed in the background. Mr. Kinkel said the Germans

Major's

popularity

nose-dives

LONDON (AP) - Conservative

Party leader John Major is now

the most unpopular prime minis-

ter since opinion polling began in Britain in the 1930s, according to

a Gallup poll published Friday.

Conservative Daily Telegraph in-dicated that only one in five voters

are satisfied with Mr. Major's

The rating was worse than the low point of his predecessor,

Margaret Thatcher, She hit 23

per cent satisfied in the spring of

1990 — seven months before she

was ousted in a Conservative

Party revolt and succeeded by

Mr. Major in November 1990.

plunging ratings and news reports

that he is weary and depressed.

"I'm weary of gossip dressed up as news," said Mr. Major.

"I've some bad news for some

people — I'm fit, I'm well, I'm

here and I'm staying." He told a

rally of Conservative Party

His speech, including warning

about cuts in state expenditure

and promises to resist European

Community plans to regulate

working hours, drew polite ap-

Mr. Major's popularity has

nose-dived since took the Con-

servatives to a fourth successive

national election, victory in Apri

last year - mainly because Bri-

tain's longest post-war recession persisted, and the party has

broken promises about not rais-

On May 26 in an attempt to

revive his administration's image.

Mr. Major sacked his treasury

chief. Chancellor of the Ex-

But Gallup, which questioned

1,074 voters between May 26 and

May 31, found that the sacking of

Mr. Lamont has made no differ-

The main opposition Labour Party, with 49 per cent support,

had a record 24-point lead over

the Conservatives, on 25 per

two points ahead of Britain's

third running party, the centrist

Social Democrats, now eroding

middle-class support in the

prosperous south of England -

traditional Tory strongholds. The

error margin in the poll was 2.5

Just 12 per cent of voters said

they were satisfied with Mr. Ma-

jor's performance. He was rated

equally with two other prominent

politicians in his 22-member

cabinet, Trade Secretary Michael

Heseltine and the new chancellor

of the exchequer, Kenneth

Clarke, as likely to make the best

Mr. Major's problems have

been compounded by big divi-

sions among the normally well-

disciplined Conservatives over

ratification of a treaty on closer

prime minister.

European union.

The Conservatives were only

cent, according to Gallup.

change Norman Lamont.

Mr. Major brushed aside the

performance.

women.

The poll in he pro-

would never forgive those re-sponsible from the attack which

he described as a "shameful vio-Two women and three girls

died in the firebombing attack in Solingen, Germany, last week. It was the deadliest attack in a surge of neo-Nazi violence that erupted after German reunification in 1990. Unemployment and economic hardships in former East Germany have increased rightwing sentiments.

Three Turks were killed in a similar attack in the northern German City of Moelln last November.

President Suleyman Demirel, speaking at the ceremony, called for calm, saying Germans should not be held responsible for the

safe life to the foreigners. Four German suspects are under arrest in connection with the attack

Turkey's acting Premier Erdal Inonu and seven other Turkish cabinet members were also present at the ceremony. The mourning villagers voiced

anger and despair. They said the attacks were aimed at the foreigners to scare them out of the country. "These attacks are to open jobs

for the East Germans," said Adnan Kose. "The German welcomed those

who went there 30 years ago with not be held responsible for the attack.

Mr. Kinkel assured the crowd that the German government bands, now they are sending us back their ashes.'' Recep Kaymak, a relative of the victims, said.

#### **Pro-democracy meeting** broken up in Shanghai BEUING (AFP) — The Chinese

authorities prevented pro- had visited the other activists and democracy activists in Shanghai from commemorating the 1989 Tiananmen Square crackdown Friday, detaining the organiser for 24 hours and ordering him not to leave the city.

Meanwhile, at least four Shanghai activists were arrested last held responsible if he violated the month as part of a crackdown on ban, the police told him. dissidents in the run-up to the

Zhang Xianliang, 48, a veteran pro-democracy activist, was detained Thursday, a day before he and more than 30 other dissidents planned to meet in People's Park in the heart nof Shanghai, the dissident said by telephone.

Mr. Zhang was released after being held for 24 hours of questioning by policeman on the inmovement in China's largest city. . during the 1989 protests.

Police told Mr. Zhang that they warned them not to participate in the memorial activity.

Mr. Zhang was also informed that he was being released on bail and was barred from leaving Shanghai without prior police approval. His daughter would be

Mr. Zhang is a veteran of the in Beijing, during which he wrote numerous essays in favour of more democracy. He was later jailed for five years for his activities, but the dissident vowed Friday to "continue to strive for democracy" in China.

On Wednesday of last week, police arrested three other political activists who were active in creasingly active pro-democracy an unofficial labour union set up

# Iran remembers Khomeini

with fierce anti-U.S. blast

ited States for its "open animosity" against Iran and vowed his country would oppose pressure

by all means. But he denied U.S. charges that his country supported fundamentalist movements around

the world. Ayatollah Khamenei was addressing special Friday prayers marking the death four years ago

of the Islamic republic's founder, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini. 'America's animosity and opposition against us had become open and more intensified."

Ayatollah Khamenei said. The United States stepped up its opposition to Iran because our policies are not influenced by theirs" and because Tehran refused to compromise on the

"We have suffered many blows from the United States and we will suffer more in the future, but our people will be able to defeat the enemy." Ayatollah Khamenei said.

Palestinian issue.

On the Middle East peace talks, he said Iran opposed it because "Palestine belongs to the Palestinians." "Jews can remain in Palestine,

but the government of Israel should be dismantled," he said at Ayatollah Khomeini's shrine. Vast crowds of black-clad men

and women packed the goldendomed shrine at Avatollah Khomeini's tomb south of Tehran, beating their breasts in mourning.

Several thousand Muslims from other countries, especially from former Soviet republics,

have gone to iran for week-long ceremonies to honour the legacy of the stern religious and political leader who died four years ago. Many more Iranians from

across the country have con-

verged on Tehran, where streets,

TEHRAN (Agencies) - Iranian shops and government buildings spiritual guide Ayatollah Ali are draped in black fings of Khamenei Friday blasted the Un-mourning and portraits of Ayatollah Khomcini.

Ayatollah Khamenei, leading mass prayers at the shrine broadcast over Tehran Radio, said the United States had shown only hostility to the Islamic state Ayatollah Khomeini founded after the 1979 revolution which toppled the western-backed He said in a sermon that the

United States, which accuses Iran of supporting "terrorists," was itself a sponsor of "terrorism" because of its backing for Israel which he called a "usurper and terrorist regime. 'Our nation has succeeded in

frustrating the enemy despite all its plots over almost 15 years." he

said.
"I tell you that you are able again to inflict absolute defeat on America and its allies in the arena of their confrontation with the Islamic Republic of Iran.'

Tehran Radio said 20,000 Basiji paramilitary volunteers were nployed in a huge logistical operation to house the mourners over the past week in scores of schools, mosques and other public buildings. Dozens of refrigerated ship-

ping containers provided food and cold drinks around the shrine near the Behesht-e-Zahra cemetery 20 kilometres from the centre of Tebran.

A fourth minaret 91 metres high erected at the shrine was completed in time for this year's ceremonies.

Ayatollah Khomeini died on June 3, 1989 after cancer surgery. He was buried after a tumultuous funeral three days later. Iran marks the anniversary on June 4,

the day his death was announced. Ayatollah Khamenei urged people to turn out in big numbers to vote in presidential elections.

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Youth leaders of PLO, Israeli party to meet

STOCKHOLM (R) - Leaders of youth groups from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israeli Labour Party will take part for the first time in a Middle East seminar near Stockholm this month, Swedish radio reported Thursday. It said Ofer Dekel, general secretary of the Israeli party's youth wing, would meet Samir Sbaihat, chairman of the Palestinian Student Organisation at the seminar from June 21 to 24 at Bommersvik, a lakeside study centre near Stockholm. The Youth League of Sweden's opposition Social Democratic Party is sponsoring the talks, which Swedish radio said would be the first official talks between Israeli and PLO representatives since Israel lifted a ban on such contacts in January. "We hope for a meaningful discussion as a contribution towards the Middle East peace process," said Karl-Petter Thorwaldsson, chairman of the Social Democratic youth group.

#### Iran's population growth rate declines

NICOSIA (R) — Iran's annual rate of population growth has dipped to 2.3 per cent due to public education and availability of birth control devices, the government said Thursday. A government study in April found the population growing at 2.3 per cent a year, down from 2.5 per cent last September and a revised 2.7 per cent from a census in September 1991, Vice-President Hassan Habibi said on Iranian television. Iran, which has 57.8 million people according to the 1991 census, has stepped up birth control programmes in recent years despite some opposition by traditionalist Muslim clerics. The country in the 1980s had an annual population growth rate above three per cent, among the highest in the Middle East. Parliament passed a law last month aimed at limiting families to three children. It cut benefits like insurance and maternity leave for the fourth and subsequent children.

#### Algeria concerned at French immigration moves

PARIS (R) - Algeria's ambassador to Paris has said that French government plans to clamp down on immigration were alarming millions of young Algerians and gave the impression France was blaming its woes on outsiders. "The Algerian community has felt very strong pressure for the last two or three months," Ambassa-dor Ahmad Ghozali told reporters. "Young people are very anxious. Three million people are worrying." He was speaking the day after France's new conservative cabinet approved measures to tighten the control and availability of residency papers, ease up the procedure for expulsions and make it harder for foreigners to marry or bring their families to France. Immigration was one of the key issues which won the centre-right a landslide victory over the outgoing socialists in March's French partiamentary elections. New Interior Minister Charles Pasqua is a renowned hardliner who said this week his aim was to stop the flow of immigrants to France

#### Tunisla sends aid to occupied territories

TUNIS (R) - Tunisia sent a ship carrying humanitarian aid to Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied territories on Thursday, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat told reporters. He made the announcement after meeting Tunisian President Zine Abidine Ben Ali. Tunisian officials gave no details of the aid but said it would be shipped to the U.N. agency in charge of helping Palestinian refugees.

#### Swedish parliament appeals to Saddam

STOCKHOLM (AP) - Parliament leaders sent a letter Thursday to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, appealing for the release of three Swedish engineers imprisoned nine months ago for illegally crossing the border from Kuwait. The engineers, setting up a telephone network, said they had strayed across the unmarked border by accident. They were sentenced to seven years in prison by an Iraqi court last September. "A positive message from the president would make it possible for the three Swedes to be reunited with their families and friends," said the letter to President Saddam. Iraq's Foreign Minister Mohammad Said Al hhaf said in a Swedish television interview broadcast Wednesd: night that more humanitarian aid to Iraq would win the Swedes

#### Kurdish rebels kill seven in Turkey

DIYARBAKIR, Turkey (R) — Turkish officials said Thursday that Kurdish rebels killed seven people including a mother and her two children in three separate incidents in eastern and southeastern Turkey Wednesday. Two guerrillas of the banned Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) were also killed, they said. The mother and her children were killed when about 40 PKK guerrillas raided Selvi village in Bingol province on Wednesday night, they said. Four guards and another woman were wounded. Five people - four village guards and one PKK member - were killed in a clash in Cevrecik village in Hakkari province near the Iranian border. Twenty villagers were wounded. In the third incident, the PKK raided Sucati village in Mardin province and kidnapped three women. One guerrilla was killed in a clash with security forces.

#### Australian civil servant charged with espionage

CANBERRA (AFP) - A Public servant believed to have been a former Soviet spy working for years inside Australia's intelligence agency appeared in court here Friday on 22 charges of espionage, sources in the capital Canberra said. His arrest followed an intensive investigation by officers of the Australian federal police and the Australian Security Intelligence Organisation (ASIO), according to a joint statement by Attorney General Michael Lavarch and Justice Minister Duncan Kerr. The 22 charges relate to the alleged removal of classified documents from the ASIO, the statement said. Information suppressed by the Canberra magistrate included the person's identity and other personal details, but sources told AFP the accused is an Australian public servant who is believed to have worked for the former Soviet Union over a period

## Israeli police seek former banker's arrest

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli police are seeking the arrest abroad of Ernst Japhet, former chairman of Bank Leumi, in connection with a 1983 banking scandal that cost the government more than \$9 million, Israel Radio said Friday. Mr. Japhet. 72, quit in 1986 and left for New York after he and other top commercial bankers in Israel were implicated by a state inquiry into the manipulation of bank share prices. Other bankers have been on trial for fraud since 1991. The government was forced to bail out shareholders after the prices of bank shares - regarded by Israelis as an almost non-risk investment - collapsed in 1983. It paid more than \$9 billion for assets worth far less and only last month finally began selling off bank shares, starting with 20 per cent of Israel's largest bank, Bank Hapoalim. The radio said Interpol on Wednesday issued an international warrant for Mr. Paphet's arrest at the request of Israeli police seeking his extradition.

## Detective killed in Newark courthouse

NEWARK (AP) - A narcotics detective was shot to death Thursday at the county courthouse and a sheriff's officer was scriously wounded while trying to help him, authorities said. Two arrests were made outside the building and a third person was being sought, Police said. The shooting occurred outside the courtroom of Judge Serena Perretti. The detective, who was shot in the head was a witness in a case before Mr. Perretti.

#### China arrests six in new Tibet protest

BEIJING (R) - Police arrested six people in the Tibetan capital of Lhasa Friday to stop a small demonstration against Chinese rule in the remote Himalayan region, travellers said. A small group of demonstrators carrying three flags of an independent Tibet circled Barkbor Square in the centre of the city as crowds of pilgrims visiting the nearby Jokhang Temple for a Buddhist festival stood and watched. Police quickly moved in and arrested the six, including a monk, putting them into the windowless covered truck kept permanently in the square to whisk away protesters. The whole episode lasted only a few minutes.

## Mrs. Clinton is out of

WASHINGTON (AP) — First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton is out of a job. The president's Task
Force on National Health Care Reform that she headed without pay has quietly gone out of business. "The final decisions are now in the president's hands," and Health and Human Services Secretary Donna E. Shalala, one of the task force members. The timetable for releasing Mr. Clin- A ton's blueprint for restructuring and Ald the the \$900 billion U.S. health system has been pushed beat the system has been pushed beat the system by tem has been pushed back repe at Harman visit atedly. But the dozen-member will be task force that the first lady E chaired is no more. Its charter and the expired last weekend. "They've and the state of the stat done their work. There was no it mobile it done their work. There was no its reason to extend the task force, " the second the task force, " the second task force, spokesman, said. "The president free had been given options. "He'll was the continue discussing things with senior advisers who at one point were members of the task force, said Mr. Boorstin. Mrs. Clinton's task force included six top White House economic and domestic House economic and domestic advisers and a half-dozen members of the cabinet. The task force met 23 times in late April Algeria and May, including on a few occasions with the president. It held one public hearing. It was all also the subject of also the subject of an ongoing lawsuit by medical lawsuit by medical groups that wanted it to conduct all its busione allieu i. . ness in public.

#### Woman gets 2 lungs from donor's one

PARIS (AP) - A French medic-

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al team has given an ailing woman two new lungs cut from the single lung of a male donor, doctors said, calling it the first such transplant ever performed. The surgeon. Dr. Jean-Paul Couetil of Paris' Broussais Hospital, said the 40-year-old patient, identified only as Marie, was a secure doing well after the May 15 operation. She was suffering from severe asthma and pulmonary fibrosis and had been confined to the room for 18 months. The operation represents a break- ident 250 72 through for certain patients, particularly children, suffering from analysis some lung diseases, the doctor in the income sail. "With two adult lungs, it i mid to will be possible to make four rampus ? small ones and operate on two stance Pre children," Dr. Couetil said. The donor, at 80 kilos (176 pounds) nearly double the weight of the petitie Marie, was in an irreversipetitie Marie, was in an irreversible coma following a car accident, but one of his lungs remained applicable. The 10-hours operation healthy. The 10-hour operation involved surgically separating the superior and inferior lobes of the donor's healthy left lung and reimplanting the two pieces in Marie's thorax. Doctors had to recreate missing arteries, veins and bronchi on the one portion of the lung, "but beyond that it was a very simple operation." Dr. Couetil said. The doctor noted that rejection of the new organs remained a risk and means Marie must take an anti-rejection medication for life. The operation could give new hope to small children waiting for two new lungs of the right "fit."

#### Ramos gets his energy from corn flakes

MANILA (R) - Philippine President Fidel Ramos, who works 16 hours a day seven days a week, has revealed the secret of his energy: Clean living and com flakes. "I've been eating com flakes for the past 40 years," he told guests at the opening of a \$35-million cereals factory in nearby Batangas City. A physical filness buff, the 65-year-old former police general keeps a hectic schedule that begins at 5 a.m. with exercises. Cabinet ministers get a call from him as early as 6 a.m., aides say. "Clean living and a breakfast of cereals... I make it a point to eat cereals three times a day," Mr. Ramos said.

#### Fergie's sister settles libel case

SYDNEY (AP) - A longrunning legal battle over newspaper articles that libelled the ister of Britain's Duchess of York Sarah Ferguson ended in an out-of-court settlement. A Supreme Court jury in 1990 awarded Jane Makim \$210,000 for articles published two years earlier by Australian newspapers owned by Rupert Murdoch's News Limited. The jury found the newspapers wrongly suggested Mrs. Makim had an affair with an Argentine polo player. When News Limited launched an appeal, Mrs. Makim, who lives in Australia, filed a counter-appeal seeking more money. Lawyers for both sides said these appeals had now been dropped after a negotiated settlement. They did not disclose any

#### defend the alleged plotters refused to take the cases, saying they had moral qualms about representing suspects they considered to be enemies, or had other commitments. It is still not clear whether the court has found replacements. Mr. Abu Hamad told the

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